



**Ba/EC2.M2**

**2 0 2 5**

**( FYUGP )**

**( 2nd Semester )**

**ECONOMICS**

**( MINOR )**

**Paper : EC2.M2**

**( Introductory Macroeconomics )**

*Full Marks : 75*

*Pass Marks : 40%*

*Time : 3 hours*

**( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )**

**( Marks : 50 )**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

Answer **five** questions, taking **one** from each Unit

**UNIT—I**

1. Define macroeconomics. Discuss its nature and importance. 2+8=10
2. Explain with suitable diagram the circular flow of income in two-sector model. 10

( 2 )

UNIT—II



3. "Supply creates its own demand." Critically examine this statement. 7+3=10
4. "The intersection of the aggregate supply and demand function determines the equilibrium level of output and employment." Discuss. 10

UNIT—III

5. Define money. Explain the various functions of money. 2+8=10
6. Define monetary policy. Discuss the policies and methods adopted by the central bank to control credit creation of a country. 2+8=10

UNIT—IV

7. What is inflation? Explain its types and causes. 2+8=10
8. Discuss the consequence of price rise. 10

UNIT—V

9. "Balance of payment always balance."  
Explain the equilibrium and disequilibrium in  
the balance of payment. 10

10. What are the causes of an adverse BoP?  
Discuss the measures to correct balance of  
payment disequilibrium. 5+5=10

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**Subject Code : Ba/EC2.M2**

**To be filled in by the Candidate**

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA  
2nd Semester End Term  
Examination, 2025 (FYUGP)

Subject .....

Paper .....

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2nd Semester End Term  
Examination, 2025 (FYUGP)

Roll No. ....

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Subject .....

Paper .....

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

Booklet No. B .....

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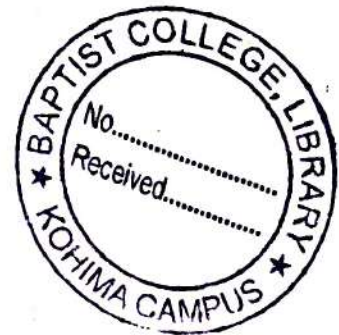
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**2025**  
( FYUGP )  
( 2nd Semester )

**ECONOMICS**  
( MINOR )

Paper : EC2.M2



( **Introductory Macroeconomics** )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**SECTION—I**

( Marks : 15 )

Choose the correct answer and put a Tick (✓) mark in the brackets provided: 1×15=15

1. The term 'macro' in economics was first coined by

(a) Edward Shapiro ( )

(b) Ragnar Frisch ( )

(c) Alfred Marshall ( )

(d) J. M. Keynes ( )

**2.** The difference between GNP and NNP equals

- (a) indirect taxes ( )
- (b) subsidies ( )
- (c) depreciation cost ( )
- (d) transfer payments ( )

**3.** A household sector in two-sector model is essentially a unit of

- (a) consumption ( )
- (b) production ( )
- (c) investment ( )
- (d) All of the above ( )

**4.** Which of the following is not the assumption of Say's law of market?

- (a) Existence of full employment ( )
- (b) Full utilization of resources ( )
- (c) Neutral role of money ( )
- (d) Importance of investment ( )

5. In Keynesian theory, employment and output is determined by

- (a) production function ( )
- (b) demand and supply function ( )
- (c) effective demand ( )
- (d) saving investment ( )

6. Effective demand is associated with the name of

- (a) A. Marshall ( )
- (b) J. M. Keynes ( )
- (c) Edgeworth ( )
- (d) A. C. Pigou ( )

7. Cash balance approach in quantity theory emphasizes on

- (a) money as a medium of exchange ( )
- (b) money as a store of value ( )
- (c) money as a measure of value ( )
- (d) money as transfer of value ( )

8. Which of the following is a qualitative or selective method of credit control by the central bank?

- (a) Bank rate policy ( )
- (b) Open market operations ( )
- (c) Cash reserve ratio ( )
- (d) Rationing of credit ( )

9. The supply of money is a

- (a) flow variable ( )
- (b) stock variable ( )
- (c) Both (a) and (b) ( )
- (d) Neither (a) nor (b) ( )

10. When price and unemployment simultaneously, it is increases

- (a) inflation ( )
- (b) deflation ( )
- (c) stagflation ( )
- (d) hyper-inflation ( )

11. An increase in demand is more likely lead to demand pull inflation

(a) if aggregate supply is completely elastic ( )

(b) if aggregate supply is completely inelastic ( )

(c) if aggregate supply is moderately elastic ( )

(d) if aggregate supply is unitary elastic ( )

12. Deflation is likely to occur when

(a) the economy is experiencing high levels of unemployment ( )

(b) the central bank increases the money supply ( )

(c) there is decrease in aggregate demand ( )

(d) there is an increase in government spending ( )

13. The balance of payments of a country is in equilibrium when the

- (a) demand for the domestic currency is equal to its supply ( )
- (b) demand for the domestic currency is the highest ( )
- (c) demand for the domestic currency is the lowest ( )
- (d) demand as well as supply of the domestic currency are the highest ( )

14. Balance of payment uses the \_\_\_\_\_ system of accounting.

- (a) single entry ( )
- (b) double entry ( )
- (c) cash basis ( )
- (d) accrual basis ( )

15. In money approach to balance of payments, the demand for money is stable in

- (a) long-run ( )
- (b) short-run ( )
- (c) very short period ( )
- (d) All of the above ( )

( 7 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 10 )

Write short notes on any *five* of the following :  $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. National Income

## 2. Classical Theory of Employment

### 3. Functions of Money

Modelary Multiplicator

#### 4. Monetary Multipliers

## 5. Hyperinflation

**6. Components of BoP**

**7. Balance of Trade**

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L25—1900

**Baptist College, Kohima**  
**NU End Term Examination, 2025**  
**BA and B. Com 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester**  
**Subject: Alternative English 1 (AEC)**  
**Paper code : ALTE- 1**



**Total marks – 37.5**

**Pass mark- 40%**

**I. Answer any five**

**5×5=25**

1. Examine the role of English in Indian English Literature .
2. Write a note on the role of community and religion in Indian English literature with reference to the poems you have studied.
3. Kamala Das challenges traditional gender roles in 'An Introduction'. Elucidate.
4. Examine the themes in the poem 'Background Casually'.
5. Explain the central idea of the poem 'The old Storyteller'.
6. Give a character sketch of Phukan.
7. Examine *The Kaziranga Trails* as a detective story.
8. Narrate the turn of events after the boys were appointed as the 'game watchers'.

**II . Answer any five of the following questions briefly.**

**1×5 = 5**

1. How does Das introduce herself in the beginning of the poem?
2. What were the roles that the speaker was expected to play in the poem , 'An Introduction'?
3. What challenges did Ezekiel face as a Jewish boy in a Roman Catholic School?
4. Name the three companions in the speaker's basement room in London.
5. What did the story teller's grandfather warn her about?
6. Who dismissed the stories as ancient gibberish?
7. Who is Mr. Neog?
8. What did the boys do when they receive a warning letter?

Choose the correct answer.

(0.5 × 15 = 7.5)

1. Kamala Das said that she can repeat the name of those in\_\_\_\_
  - a) Literary circle
  - b) Literature
  - c) In power
  - d) In politics
2. What does Kamala Das primarily challenge in the poem 'An Introduction'.
  - a) Political Corruption
  - b) Gender role and societal expectations
  - c) Religious practices
  - d) Cultural traditions
3. Das asserts her identity by stating , "I am Indian ,very \_\_\_\_ born in \_\_\_\_."
  - a) Black, Bombay
  - b) Brown , Malabar
  - c) English, Malyali
  - d) Anglo, Marathi
4. Caste system in India is most closely associated with which religion.
  - a) Islam
  - b) Christianity
  - c) Hinduism
  - d) Buddhism
5. English as a language was introduced during the
  - a) Post-Colonial era.
  - b) Colonial era.
  - c) Independence.
  - d) Post-Independence .
6. How did the speaker describe himself in 'Background casually'.
  - a) A healthy boy
  - b) A good boy
  - c) A tall bright boy
  - d) A boy of meager bone.
7. At what age did the speaker go abroad in 'Background casually'.
  - a) Twenty three

- b) Twenty one
  - c) Twenty two
  - d) Twenty four
8. The speakers borrowed \_\_\_\_\_ refused to spin.
- a) Ball
  - b) Bat
  - c) Top
  - d) Kite
9. What was the speakers proud legacy in 'The Old Story Teller'?
- a) Ancient village
  - b) Tradition
  - c) Six stones
  - d) Story telling
10. What did the ancient villagers worship?
- a) The animals
  - b) Tiger
  - c) Sky
  - d) Forces of nature
11. What does the old Storyteller symbolise in Temsula Ao's poem?
- a) Modern technology
  - b) Traditional wisdom and culture
  - c) Political power
  - d) Religious authority
12. What is the primary setting of *The Kaziranga Trails* ?
- a) Sundarbans
  - b) Jim Corbett National Park
  - c) Kaziranga Wildlife Sanctuary
  - d) Ranchi wildlife Sanctuary
13. Which animal is threatened by poaching in the story?
- a) Bengal Tiger
  - b) Indian Elephant
  - c) One-horned Rhino
  - d) Asiatic lion
14. Who among the following is depicted as a traitor collaborating with the poachers?

- a) Muniya
- b) Jonti
- c) Neog
- d) Phukan

15. Which illegal activity is highlighted in the novel?

- e) Deforestation
- f) Poaching of rhinos
- g) Smuggling of endangered birds
- h) Mining in protected areas



**Ba/ENG M2**

**2025**  
**( FYUGP )**

**( 2nd Semester )**

**ENGLISH**

**( MINOR )**

**Paper : ENG M2**

**( Indian Writing In English )**

*Full Marks : 75*

*Pass Marks : 40%*

*Time : 3 hours*

**( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )**

**( Marks : 50 )**

*The questions are of equal value*

**Answer any five questions**

- 1.** Discuss the themes and contexts of the Indian English novel.
- 2.** Write a note on 'modernism' in Indian English literature.

3. What is the theme of the poem, *A Poem for Mother* by Robin S. Ngangom?
4. What were the reasons of animosity between Mani and Rajam?
5. What is the significance of the titles of the novel's two sections in *The Shadow Lines*?
6. What does the narrator mean when he thinks "Water imagery in my life is recurring"?
7. How does narrator present intrusion in her life?
8. How does Henry Derozio articulate the feelings that a slave experiences upon learning that he is no longer enslaved?
9. Give a character sketch of Tara.
10. Examine the theme of gender discrimination as depicted in Mahesh Dattani's *Tara*.

★ ★ ★

**Subject Code : Ba/ENG M2**

**To be filled in by the Candidate**

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA  
2nd Semester End Term  
Examination, **2025 (FYUGP)**

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**Booklet No. A 1248**

**14 MAY 2025**

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Regn. No. ....

Subject .....

Paper .....

**DESCRIPTIVE TYPE**

Booklet No. B .....

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Invigilator(s)

2025

( FYUGP )

( 2nd Semester )

**ENGLISH**

( MINOR )



Paper : ENG M2

**( Indian Writing In English )**

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—I

( Marks : 15 )

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×15=15

1. What does Derozio mean by the word 'sire' in the poem, *The Orphan Girl*?

- (a) Father (    )
- (b) God (    )
- (c) Uncle (    )
- (d) Son (    )

2. *The Shadow Lines* is divided into two sections

(a) Moving Away and Coming Home ( )

(b) The Window and Time Passes ( )

(c) Reaping and Garnering ( )

(d) Going Away and Coming Home ( )

3. Where did snakes move, according to the poem,  
*My Grandmother's House*?

(a) Among books ( )

(b) Among plants ( )

(c) Among hens ( )

(d) Among grasses ( )

4. The Speaker's parents in *De Souza Prabhu* wanted a

(a) son ( )

(b) daughter ( )

(c) daughter-in-law ( )

(d) son-in-law ( )

5. How many languages does the speaker of *An Introduction* speak?

(a) Two ( )

(b) Three ( )

(c) One ( )

(d) Four ( )

6. The life of the girl in the poem, *The Orphan Girl* was

(a) easy ( )

(b) fantasy ( )

(c) full of fun ( )

(d) dreary desert ( )

7. "Money and time do not grow on trees" has been taken from the poem

(a) *My Grandmother's House* ( )

(b) *An Introduction* ( )

(c) *Freedom to the Slave* ( )

(d) *A Poem for Mother* ( )

8. Other people ordered Kamala Das not to write in

(a) Bengali ( )

(b) English ( )

(c) Hindi ( )

(d) Tamil ( )

9. In *Swami and Friends*, Mr. Ebenezer is the

(a) Arithmetic teacher ( )

(b) English teacher ( )

(c) Scripture teacher ( )

(d) Science teacher ( )

10. Who was the narrator's love interest in *The Shadow Lines*?

(a) May ( )

(b) Ila ( )

(c) Maya ( )

(d) Angela ( )

11. The narrator of *Swimming Lessons* belongs to

- (a) Parsi community ( )
- (b) Jain community ( )
- (c) Sikh community ( )
- (d) Muslim community ( )

12. In the story, *Swimming Lessons*, the old man sitting on the wheel chair is

- (a) seventy-seven ( )
- (b) seventy-five ( )
- (c) seventy-two ( )
- (d) seventy-nine ( )

13. Where did the scorpion hide during the rain?

- (a) In sacks of rice ( )
- (b) Beneath sacks of rice ( )
- (c) Behind sacks of rice ( )
- (d) Behind mud baked walls ( )

**14.** Tara expressed her desire to marry Dr. Gokhale when she was

(a) twelve ( )

(b) sixteen ( )

(c) fifteen ( )

(d) twenty ( )

**15.** The narrator's grandmother Thamma was the headmistress of all-girl school in

(a) London ( )

(b) Chennai ( )

(c) Paris ( )

(d) Calcutta ( )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 10 )

Answer any *five* questions :

2×5=10

1. What is the relation between the Narrator and Tridib in *The Shadow Lines*?

2. "And left her infant parentless." How did the girl become an orphan/parentless?

3. "Why not leave Me alone,"—Who says so and to whom? Why does the speaker say so?

4. What does the last line of the poem, *Enterprise*,  
"Home is where we have to gather grace", mean?

5. What is the emotional state of the narrator at the beginning of intrusion?

6. What is the central theme of the novel, *Swami and Friends*?

7. What does the name 'Tara' signify in the play, *Tara* by Mahesh Dattani?

8. Who introduced the English Education Act in India?

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**Ba/HIS/MN-201**

**2 0 2 5**

**( FYUGP )**

**( 2nd Semester )**

**HISTORY**

**( MINOR )**

**Paper : HIS/MN-201**

**( History of India )**

*Full Marks : 75*

*Pass Marks : 40%*

*Time : 3 hours*

**( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )**

**( Marks : 50 )**

*The questions are of equal value*

- 1. Describe the epigraphic and numismatic sources of early medieval India.**

*Or*

**Explain the feudal formation in India.**

2. Give an account on Harsha as mentioned by Hiuen Tsang.

*Or*

Give an account of the Tripartite Struggle.

3. Discuss the Varna system in early medieval India.

*Or*

Describe in brief the interregional trade in early medieval India.

4. Explain the Arab Conquest of Sindh.

*Or*

Give an account of Mahmud of Ghazni's invasion of India.

5. Write a note on the Puranic tradition.

*Or*

Describe the development of art and architecture during the early medieval period.

★★★

**Subject Code : Ba/HIS/MN-201**

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2nd Semester End Term  
Examination, **2025 (FYUGP)**

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**16 MAY 2025**

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Paper .....

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**2 0 2 5**

( FYUGP )

( 2nd Semester )

**HISTORY**

( MINOR )



Paper : HIS/MN-201

( **History of India** )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—I

( Marks : 15 )

- A.** Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×15=15

1. The text, *Rajatarangini* was written by

- (a) Kalhana ( )
- (b) Merutunga ( )
- (c) Banabhatta ( )

2. Numismatics is the study of
- (a) arts ( )
  - (b) stamps ( )
  - (c) coins ( )
3. Which dynasty is associated with the Uthiramerur Inscription?
- (a) Pandya ( )
  - (b) Chola ( )
  - (c) Chera ( )
4. Who was the Court Poet of Harsha?
- (a) Bharavi ( )
  - (b) Banabhatta ( )
  - (c) Ravikirti ( )
5. Which was not the major medieval part of North Malabar Coast?
- (a) Calicut ( )
  - (b) Mangalore ( )
  - (c) Cambay ( )
6. The Kingdom of the Cholas consisted of the modern
- (a) Tamil Nadu ( )
  - (b) Karnataka ( )
  - (c) Kerala ( )

11. Jaipal, the ruler of Hindu Shahi Kingdom, signed a treaty with
- (a) Abdul Malik ( )
  - (b) Alp-Tegin ( )
  - (c) Sabuktigin ( )
12. When was Sindh conquered?
- (a) 711 AD ( )
  - (b) 712 AD ( )
  - (c) 713 AD ( )
13. The last Hindu ruler of Sindh was
- (a) Chach ( )
  - (b) Chandar ( )
  - (c) Raja Dahir ( )
14. Al-Biruni travelled in India with
- (a) Alexander the Great ( )
  - (b) Mahmud of Ghazni ( )
  - (c) Genghis Khan ( )
15. The plunder of Somnath Temple was undertaken by
- (a) Mahmud of Ghazni ( )
  - (b) Muhammad bin Qasim ( )
  - (c) Shahabuddin ( )

( 5 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 10 )

**B.** Write short notes on the following :

2×5=10

1. Literary sources

Or

Characteristics of Indian feudalism

2. *Harshacharita*

*Or*

Rajaraja Chola-I

3. Proliferation of castes

*Or*

Maritime trade

4. Muhammad bin Qasim

*Or*

First Battle of Tarain

5. Tantrism

*Or*

Al-Biruni

★ ★ ★



**Ba/POL/H/M-2**

**2025**  
**( FYUGP )**

**( 2nd Semester )**

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**( MINOR )**

**Paper : POL/H/M-2**

**( Political Process in India )**

*Full Marks : 75*

*Pass Marks : 40%*

*Time : 3 hours*

**( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )**  
**( Marks : 50 )**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

- 1. Define affirmative action. Explain the merits and demerits of affirmative action. 5+5=10**

*Or*

**Critically discuss the determinants of voting behaviors. 10**

( 2 )

2. What are regional aspirations? How have the aspirations played a role in shaping regional movements in India? 4+6=10

Or

What was the demand of the Telangana Movement? 10

3. Evaluate the role of secularism in the Indian Constitution. 10

Or

What is caste system? How has it influenced Indian polity? 4+6=10

4. Discuss the reservation policy for Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe communities in India. 10

Or

Explain the importance of legal changes for LGBTQ rights in India. 10

( 3 )

5. What is meant by the coercive dimension of the State? How does the judiciary act as a check on the coercive power? 5+5=10

Or

What is a Welfare State? Discuss the key objective of a Welfare State in India. 4+6=10

★★★

**Subject Code : Ba/POL/H/M-2**

**To be filled in by the Candidate**

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA  
2nd Semester End Term  
Examination, 2025 (FYUGP)

Subject .....

Paper .....

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**Booklet No. A 2139**

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15 MAY 2025

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Roll No. ....

Regn. No. ....

Subject .....

Paper .....

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

Booklet No. B .....

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**2 0 2 5**

**( FYUGP )**

**( 2nd Semester )**

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**( MINOR )**

Paper : POL/H/M-2

**( Political Process in India )**

**( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )**

**( Marks : 25 )**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

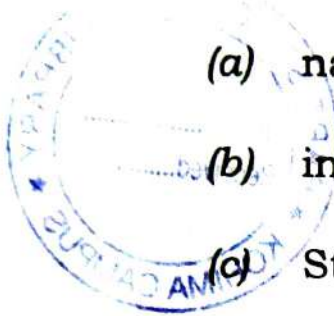
Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the  
brackets provided : 1×10=10

**1. The main factor that influences voting behaviour in  
India is**

- (a) age            (    )
- (b) caste            (    )
- (c) gender            (    )
- (d) income            (    )



2. Regional parties primarily focuses on

- 
- (a) national economic policies ( )
  - (b) international relations ( )
  - (c) State and local issues ( )
  - (d) defense strategies ( )

3. The Article 370 of the Constitution of India, before its revocation, provided special status to

- (a) Jammu and Kashmir ( )
- (b) Nagaland ( )
- (c) Manipur ( )
- (d) Sikkim ( )

4. Secession refers to

- (a) the inclusion of new territories into a country ( )
- (b) the withdrawal of a group or region from an existing State ( )
- (c) the formation of a coalition government ( )
- (d) the creation of new laws to protect minority groups ( )

**5. Which Article of the Indian Constitution declares India as a Secular State?**

(a) Article 21 ( )

(b) Article 25 ( )

(c) Article 14 ( )

(d) Article 1 ( )

**6. The caste system in India is primarily based on**

(a) economic status ( )

(b) birth and occupation ( )

(c) religious belief ( )

(d) political affiliation ( )

**7. The First Constitutional Amendment (1951) introduced reservations in**

(a) private sector job ( )

(b) educational institution ( )

(c) foreign services ( )

(d) None of the above ( )

**8. The Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe (Prevention of Atrocities) Act was passed in**

(a) 1989 ( )

(b) 1976 ( )

(c) 2002 ( )

(d) 1995 ( )

**9. A Welfare State primarily focuses on**

(a) promoting military expansion ( )

(b) strengthening authoritarian rule ( )

(c) ensuring social and economic well-being of citizens ( )

(d) increasing private sector control ( )

**10. The Armed Forces (Special Powers) Act (AFSPA) is applicable in**

(a) certain disturbed area like North-East India ( )

(b) all States in India ( )

(c) only Union Territories ( )

(d) industrial zone ( )

State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark :  
1×5=5

1. Political parties in India are required to follow internal democracy as per the Representation of the People Act.

( T / F )

2. Regional aspiration in India arises due to cultural, linguistic and economic factors.

( T / F )

3. The Indian Constitution allows for caste-based discrimination in government policies.

( T / F )

4. The Indian Constitution prohibits any form of affirmative action.

( T / F )

5. India's welfare policies are designed to reduce economic and social inequalities.

( T / F )

( 6 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 10 )

Answer briefly any *five* of the following questions :  $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. What is party system?

2. What are the main functions of political parties?

- 3. What are the major causes of regional movement in India?**

**4. Define secularism.**

**5. What is communalism?**

6. What is Economically Weaker Section (EWS) reservation?

7. What does Article 14 of the Indian Constitution say about LGBTQ + rights?

8. What is meant by a developmental State?

9. How does Indian State exercise coercion?

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**Ba/SOC/H/M-2**

**2025**

**( FYUGP )**

**( 2nd Semester )**

**SOCIOLOGY**

**( MINOR )**

**Paper : SOC/H/M-2**

**( Introduction to Sociology—II )**

*Full Marks : 75*

*Pass Marks : 40%*

*Time : 3 hours*

**( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )**

**( Marks : 50 )**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Discuss Rousseau's theory of emergence of society. 10

*Or*

Define sociability. Explain its significance in understanding human behaviour and social relationship. 3+7=10

( 2 )

2. Discuss social solidarity as propounded by Emile Durkheim. 10

*Or*

Discuss Edmund Leach's social structure theory.

3. Explain in detail Malinowski's theory of needs. 10

*Or*

Discuss R. K. Merton's strain theory.

4. Critically examine Mead's concept of pragmatism. 10

*Or*

Explain Herbert Blumer's theory on symbolic interactionism.

5. Explain the theory of dialectical materialism of Karl Marx. 10

*Or*

Discuss Dahrendorf's theory on class conflict.

★★★

Subject Code : Ba/SOC/H/M-2

To be filled in by the Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA  
2nd Semester End Term  
Examination, 2025 (FYUGP)

Subject .....

Paper .....

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.
2. This paper should be **ANSWERED FIRST** and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.
3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, overwriting or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.

Booklet No. A 1006

Date Stamp .....

21 MAY 2025

To be filled in by the Candidate

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA  
2nd Semester End Term  
Examination, 2025 (FYUGP)

Roll No. ....

Regn. No. ....

Subject .....

Paper .....

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

Booklet No. B .....

Signature of  
Scrutiniser(s)

Signature of  
Examiner(s)

Signature of  
Invigilator(s)

**2 0 2 5**

( FYUGP )

( 2nd Semester )

**SOCIOLOGY**

( MINOR )

Paper : SOC/H/M-2

**( Introduction to Sociology—II )**

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**SECTION—I**

( Marks : 15 )

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×15=15

**1. The two influential thinkers in the emergence of social theory in the 18th century are**

- (a) Auguste Comte and Rousseau (     )
- (b) Montesquieu and Auguste Comte (     )
- (c) Rousseau and Montesquieu (     )
- (d) Montesquieu and Emile Durkheim (     )



2. Who said, "Man is born free, and everywhere he is in chains"?

(a) Georg Simmel ( )

(b) Rousseau ( )

(c) Montesquieu ( )

(d) Auguste Comte ( )

3. Which of the following concepts is associated with Simmel's sociability?

(a) Forms of social conflict ( )

(b) Social solidarity ( )

(c) Class conflict ( )

(d) Forms of social interactions ( )

4. \_\_\_\_\_ was a book written by Auguste Comte.

(a) *Course of Positive Philosophy* ( )

(b) *The Division of Labor in Society* ( )

(c) *Das Kapital* ( )

(d) *Social Darwinism* ( )

5. Whose idea of 'science of society' influenced the development of sociology and economics as fields of scientific study?

(a) Auguste Comte ( )

(b) Saint-Simon ( )

(c) Spencer ( )

(d) Weber ( )

6. Who developed the model of Gumsa?

(a) Lévi-Strauss ( )

(b) Georg Simmel ( )

(c) Edmund Leach ( )

(d) Radcliffe-Brown ( )

7. What type of law is found in organic solidarity?

(a) Restitutive law ( )

(b) Repressive law ( )

(c) Repulsive law ( )

(d) Destructive law ( )

8. According to Malinowski, what are the three main types of needs?

(a) Biological, psychological and social needs ( )

(b) Emotional, physical and spiritual needs ( )

(c) Social, economic and political needs ( )

(d) Primary, secondary and tertiary needs ( )

9. According to R. K. Merton's strain theory, drug addicts may follow the path of

(a) ritualism ( )

(b) retreatism ( )

(c) innovation ( )

(d) conformity ( )

10. According to Ralf Dahrendorf, class conflict in modern society arises due to

(a) haves and have nots ( )

(b) proletariat and bourgeoisie ( )

(c) authority and subordinates ( )

(d) men and women ( )

**11.** Who is the author of the book, *Mind, Self and Society* ?

- (a) H. Blumer ( )
- (b) G. H. Mead ( )
- (c) Talcott Parsons ( )
- (d) R. K. Merton ( )

**12.** Who suggested that conflict has functional importance in society?

- (a) Lewis Coser ( )
- (b) Karl Marx ( )
- (c) R. Dahrendorf ( )
- (d) R. Collins ( )

**13.** Karl Marx discussed about dialectical materialism in the book

- (a) *The Communist Manifesto* ( )
- (b) *Das Kapital* ( )
- (c) *The German Ideology* ( )
- (d) *The Kachins* ( )

**14.** Karl Marx drew his philosophical inspiration from

(a) Comte ( )

(b) Spencer ( )

(c) Hegel ( )

(d) Durkheim ( )

**15.** Who are known as the founding fathers of social anthropology?

(a) Max Weber and Herbert Spencer ( )

(b) Radcliffe-Brown and Karl Marx ( )

(c) Malinowski and R. K. Merton ( )

(d) Radcliffe-Brown and Malinowski ( )

( 7 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 10 )

Answer any *five* of the following questions :

2×5=10

1. What is positivism?

2. Distinguish between industrial society and military society.

**3.** Define Radcliffe-Brown's social structure.

4. Highlight Max Weber's types of social action.

5. What are the two types of law according to Durkheim?

6. What is social structure according to Edmund Leach?

7. What do you understand by Parsons' action theory?

8. What is organic analogy?

9. What is Spencer's theory of social evolution?

- 10.** What are the positive functions of conflict according to Coser?

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