(3rd Semester)

## **COMMERCE**

( Honours )

Paper No.: BCAF-03

(Indirect Tax)

Full Marks: 70
Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What are the exemptions for small-scale industries under Central Excise? 14

Or

- (b) Highlight the general procedures of Central Excise. 14
- 2. (a) What is custom law? Briefly explain the functions and objectives of customs law.

4+10=14

## Or

- (b) Explain the different types of customs duty in India.
- 3. (a) What is re-export? Explain the procedure for re-export and drawback on goods re-exported. 4+10=14

#### Or

- (b) What are the regulations for import and export of goods by 'post parcel'? Explain.
- 4. (a) Define central sales tax. What are the circumstances leading to the levy of central sales tax? 4+10=14

#### Or

- (b) Examine the provisions regarding sale and purchase of goods in the course of export or import.
  14
- 5. (a) Define a dealer. State the procedure for registration under the Central Sales-taxAct. 4+10=14

#### Or

(b) Discuss the concept of sale or purchase of goods in the course of central trading. 14

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14

(3rd Semester)

### COMMERCE

Paper No.: BC-302

## (Organizational Behaviour)

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks: 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What is management? Explain the relationship between management and organizational behaviour. 2+7=9

Or

(b) Explain the foundation of organizational behaviour. State the principles of human relations approach. 5+4=9

2. (a) Define learning. Explain operant learning theory. 2+7=9

Or .

- (b) Explain how the personality attributes influence individual behaviour in the organization.
- 3. (a) Define attitude. Explain the sources of attitudes and beliefs. 2+7=9

Or

- (b) What are attitude reinforcement and attitude change? Explain any two theories of attitude change. 3+6=9
- 4. (a) Define change. Explain the factors influencing organizational change. 2+7=9

Or

(b) State the different types of resistance to change. Explain the most popular and frequently used approaches to overcome resistance to change.

4+5=9

5. (a) Write any two definitions of organizational development. Explain the characteristics of organizational development. 4+5=9

Or

(b) Explain process consultation and team building. 5+4=9

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(3rd Semester)

## COMMERCE

Paper No.: BC-302

# (Organizational Behaviour)

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- Choose the correct answer and place its code in the brackets provided:
  - (a) Organizational behaviour refers to
    - (i) behaviour of organization
    - (ii) behaviour of people in the organization
    - (iii) Both of the above
    - (iv) None of the above

(b) Attitudes are	* 1 Q S		
	e statements	199	
(ii) objective	statements		
(iii) subjectiv	re statements	,	1
(iv) None of	the above	0 )	)
(c) A person's p	sychological script is	a	
(i) life dran	ma (dis i zambi)		
(ii) game p	lan ma ilin swother revenu	ad mee	
(iii) Both of	f the above		
(iv) None of	f the above	ieta) provis	
(d) Conflict has	s considerable influen	ce on	
(i) behavio	our of employees	ivaded (h	
(ii) perform	nance of employees	haded to	
(iii) satisfa	ction of employees	m Hodh o	
(iv) All of t	the above	w) Mone o	) N

(e) The organization cannot change the	nie u
(i) external environment	10
arted to their I of economical familiasing of	
(ii) internal environment	
(iii) Both of the above	
(iv) None of the above	)
Riographical characteristics are learned by individuals	(42)
2. Fill in the blanks:	1×5=5
(a) Hawthorne studies were conducted	in
to water almost as a podragon and man mainten of	(5)
reality.	
(b) Different people may perceive the sa	me
environment	(d)
(c) Personality is one of the major	
(d) Values are one of the	
of one's attitude.	(9)
Torrouge	
(e) Conflict is a proces	ss.
OB/BC-302 <b>/68</b>	

3.	State whether the following statements are	True (T)
	or False (F) by putting a Tick ( ) mark:	1×5=5

(a) Organizational behaviour is a part of total management.

(T/F)

(b) Biographical characteristics are learned by individuals.

(T / F)

(c) Perception can be described as a person's view of reality.

(T / F)

(d) Personality is a very diverse psychological concept.

... wiem oet la oan zie rich

and the manner only the (T / F)

(e) A person is unable to move from one ego state to another.

(T/F)

4. Write short notes on the following:  $2\times5=10$ 

(a) Perception

networld with account to holds only

(b) Ego States

(c) Transactional Analysis

(d) Functional Conflicts

(e) Stroking

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(3rd Semester)

## COMMERCE

Paper No.: BC-303

## (Auditing)

Full Marks: 70

Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks: 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What do you understand by the term 'auditing'? What are its importances?

2+7=9

Or

- (b) What is meant by external auditing?

  State some limitations of auditing. 2+7=9
- 2. (a) What are the types of audit programme?

  Explain the contents of audit programme.

  3+6=9

#### Or

(b)	What is routine checking? State few
1200	objectives of routine checking. State its
	advantages and disadvantages. 2+3+4=0

3. (a) What is meant by internal control?

Explain the objectives of internal control.

3+6=9

Or

- (b) What do you mean by vouching? Write few objectives of vouching. Give the difference between vouching and verification. 2+3+4=9
- 4. (a) Explain the rights and powers of a company auditor.

Or

- (b) Explain the qualities of an auditor.
- 5. (a) How an auditor investigate under the Companies Act?

Or

(b) Explain different types of investigation.

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9

(3rd Semester)

## COMMERCE

Paper No.: BC-303

## (Auditing)

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) mark:  $1 \times 5 = 5$ 
  - (a) Detection of errors is the primary objective of an audit.

(T / F)

(b) Procedure of auditing generally starts with notification.

(T / F)

(c) Internal control is only related to internal check and internal audit.

(T/F)

	(d)	The first auditors should not floid any security carrying voting right of that company.
		(T / F)
•	(e)	Investigation is not a regular process.
		(T / F)
2.	Fill	in the blanks: 1×5=
		Canal to the comment of the following the comment of the comment o
	(a)	External auditing refers to auditing by
		group.
	(b)	Principle of secrecy is the basic
		of auditing.
	gi-	min terroint or broader three el branco desperat (n'
	(c)	work of verification. himself performs the
Aud/B	3C-3	03 <b>/69</b>

	(d)	Rem	uneration of auditors will be fixed	by	
			if he is appointed Board.	by	
	(e)		dence is any type ofch tends to establish a fact material to		
3.			the correct answer and place its code in s provided:	the 1×5=5	5
	(a)		ich one of audits is not audit based ectives?	on	
		(i)	Independent Audit		
		(ii)	Financial Audit		
		(iii)	Trust Audit		
		(iv)	Secretarial Audit	]	
	(b)	Whi	ich one of these is the technique of audi	ting?	
		(i)	Close meeting		
		(ii)	Follow-up		
		(iii)	Fieldwork		
		(iv)	Inquiry	1	

(c)	Verif	ication is related to	
	(i)	assets and liabilities	
	(ii)	owners and companies	
	(iii)	audit programme and liabilities	,
By <sup>††</sup>	(iv)	None of the above	]
(d)	Dut	y of auditors under Section 240 means	
	(i)	assist the management	
	(ii)	assist the government inspectors	
	(iii)	assist the local authority .	
	(iv)	All of the above	]
(e)	SFI	O stands for	
	(i)	Serious Fraud Investigation Office	
	(ii)	Several Frauds Investigation Officer	
	(iii)	Security and Frauds Investigation Office	er
	(iv)	Security File Investigation Officer	]

4. Write on the following in 3 to 4 sentences each:

2×5=10

(a) Window Dressing

(b) Audit Files

(c) Valuation

(d) Qualification of Auditors

(e) Investigation

(3rd Semester)

## COMMERCE

Paper No.: BC-304

## (Cost Accounting)

Full Marks: 70 Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks: 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Distinguish between Cost Accounting and Financial Accounting.

Or

(b) Calculate prime cost, factory cost, cost of production, cost of sales and profit from the following particulars:

9

9

Direct Materials 1,00,000
Direct Wages 30,000
Wages of Foreman 2,500

(Turn Over)

	7
Electric Power	. 4
Lighting:	500
Factory	1,500
Office	500
Storekeeper's Wages	1,000
Oil and Water	500
Rent:	
Factory	5,000
Office	2,500
Repairs and Renewals:	
Factory	3,500
Office	500
Transfer to Reserves	1,000
Discount on Shares written off	500
Depreciation:	
Factory	500
Office	1,250
Consumable Stores	2,500
Manager's Salary	5,000
Directors' Fees	1,250
Office Stationery	500
Telephone Charges	12
Postage and Telegrams	250
Salesmen's Salaries	1,250
Travelling Expenses	500
Advertising	1,25

(Continued

	Warehouse Charges	500
	Sales 1,89	9,500
	Carriage Outward	375
	Income Tax	0,000
	Dividend	2,000
<b>2.</b> (a)	Explain the essential features of a good wage system.	9
	Or	
(b)	Following is the Stores Ledger A/c of	
	Hallmark Ltd.:	
January	1 Opening Balance — 400 units @ ₹2	
n	6 Purchased 200 units @ ₹ 3	
"	8 Issued 300 units	
"	10 Purchased 500 units @ ₹ 1	
"	12 Purchased 600 units @ ₹2	
,,	16 Issued 400 units	
"	20 Purchased 100 units @ ₹ 9	
"	23 Issued 450 units	
n	26 Purchased 300 units @ ₹ 4	
"	28 Issued 300 units	
,	29 Purchased 200 units @ ₹ 7	
n	30 Issued 600 units	
	Prepare Stores Ledger A/c by First-in First-out (FIFO) method.	ı 9

3. (a) Discuss the functional classification of overhead.

9

Or

(b) The Modern Company is divided into four departments.  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$  and  $P_3$  are producing departments and  $S_1$  is a service department. The actual costs for a period are as follows:

Rent	1,000
Repairs to Plant	600
Depreciation of Plant	450
Employer's Liability for Insurance	150
Supervision	1,500
Fire Insurance in respect of Stock	500
Power	900
Light	120

The following information is available in respect of the four departments:

	Departments			
	$P_1$	$P_2$	$P_3$	$S_{\mathbf{l}}$
Area (sq. metres)	1500	1100	900	500
No. of Employees	20	15	10	5
Total Wages (in ₹)	6,000	4,000	3,000	2,000
Value of Plant (in ₹)	24,000	18,000	12,000	6,000
Value of Stock (in ₹)	15,000	9,000	6,000	
HP of Plant	24	18	12	6

Apportion the costs to the various departments on the most equitable basis.

(Continue

4. (a) What is contract costing? Distinguish between job costing and contract costing. 2+7=9

Or

(b) The following information is extracted from the job ledger in respect of Job No. 606:

Materials—₹ 3,400

Wages:

Dept. A-80 hours at ₹2 per hour

Dept. B-60 hours at ₹4 per hour

Variable Overheads:

Dept. A—₹ 5,000 for 4000 direct hours

Dept. B—₹ 6,000 for 3000 direct hours

Fixed Overhead:

₹7,500 for 10000 hours of normal working time of the factory

Calculate the cost of Job No. 606 and estimate the percentage of profit if the price quoted is ₹4,750.

5. (a) Brief out the essential features of process costing.

(Turn Over)

9

Or

(b) The product of company passes through three distinct processes to completion. They are known as A, B and C. It is ascertained that loss is incurred in each process as process A—2%, process B—5% and process C—10%.

In each case, the percentage of loss is computed on the number of units entering the process concerned.

The loss of each process possesses a scrap value. The loss of processes A and B is sold at 75 per 100 units and that of process C at 720 per 100 units.

The output of each process passes immediately to the next process and the finished units are passed from process C into stock.

	Processes		
	Α	B	C
	₹	₹	₹
Materials Consumed	6,000	4,000	2,000
Direct Labour	8,000	6,000	3,000
Manufacturing Expenses	1,000	1,000	1,500

20000 units have been issued to process A at a cost of 70,000. The output of each process has been as under:

Process A—19500; Process B—18800 and Process C—16000 There is no work-in-progress in any process.

Prepare Process A/cs.

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(3rd Semester)

#### COMMERCE

Paper No.: BC-304

## (Cost Accounting)

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (✓) mark: 1×5=5
  - (a) Costing and Cost Accounting are the same.

(T/F)

(b) First-in first-out method of valuing material issues is suitable in times of rising prices.

(T/F)

(c) Direct labour hour rate of absorption of overhead is suitable where most of the production is done by using machines.

(T / F)

in the	(d)	Job costing helps the management in concost by comparing the actual costs we estimated costs.	trolling ith the
	(e)	In process costing, ordinarily no distinct made between direct and indirect mater	ction is ials.
2.	Chi	oose the correct answer and place its code provided:	in the
	(a)	Prime cost includes	
		(i) Direct Material + Direct Labour + Expenses	Works
		(ii) Direct Material + Direct Lab Chargeable Expenses	our +
		(iii) Direct Material + Direct Labour + Overheads	Office
		(iv) None of the above	
	(b)	In case of inflation, which of the femethods of valuing material issues will lowest profit?	ollowing give the
		(i) FIFO	
		(ii) LIFO	
		(iii) HIFO	
		(iv) Simple Average Price	1

(c)	Ove mat	rhead cost is the aggregate of terial cost, indirect wages and	indirect
	(i)	direct expenses	
	(ii)	indirect expenses	
	(iii)	both direct expenses and indirect ex	xpenses
		None of the above	- 1 11
(d)	of the	ne amount of work certified is less the contract price, then no profit so to Profit & Loss A/c.	
	(i)	20%	
10	(ii)	50%	
	(iii)	25%	
	(iv)	75%	
(e)	antio	ere actual loss in a process is less cipated loss, the difference between onsidered to be	
	(i)	abnormal gain	
	(ii)	abnormal loss	
	(iii)	normal loss	
	(iv) ]	None of the above	

3.	Fill in the blanks:
	(a) costs are partly fixed and partly variable in relation to output.
	e as weaks the sharp to the second but the design of the second s
	(b) Bin card is maintained by
	the state of the problem of the problem of the contract of the
	(c) Machine hour rate is obtained by dividing the total running expenses of a machine during a
	2002 19
	particular period by thethe machine is estimated to work during the period.
	(d) The costing is used in
	printing industry.
	e) Whom
(	before it is converted into finished goods, the
	method of costing used is
CA/BC-	304 <b>/70</b>

- 4. Write on/Answer the following in 4 or 5 sentences each: 2×5=10
  - (a) Opportunity cost

(b) Economic order quantity

(c) What is the difference between allocation and apportionment of overheads?

(d) What is notional profit?

(e) What is inter-process profit?

BL-1500/**70** 

#### 2017

(3rd Semester)

## ALTERNATIVE ENGLISH—I

Paper No.: ALTE (BCM)-304

#### ( Poetry, Prose, Short Stories, Commercial Essays and Composition )

Full Marks: 70

Pass Marks: 45%

Time: 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks*: 54)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What is Auden's opinion on the rulers of the past and the present-day managers in the process of decision making?

Or

(b) Attempt a critical analysis of Stephen Spender's poem, The Express.

2. (a) "The stock exchange is a market like any other market." Discuss.  Or	10
(b) Examine Herman Wouk's essay, A Talk on Advertising as an attack on the misuse of language in advertising and its senseless commercialisation.	
3. What was the bet between the lawyer and the banker? What happened eventually?	10
4. What are the important annual report features highlighted in Philip Binham's essay, Company Report?	10
5. Write an essay on any one of the following topics:	1
<ul><li>(a) Demonetisation and its Effects</li><li>(b) Importance of Trade and Commerce</li></ul>	
(c) Human Resources Management in the 21st Century	
(d) Advantages and Disadvantages of Advertising	
Y	

#### 2017

(3rd Semester)

# ALTERNATIVE ENGLISH—I

Paper No.: ALTE (BCM)-304

( Poetry, Prose, Short Stories, Commercial Essays and Composition )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks: 16)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

#### (Poetry)

1. Answer any two of the following questions:

 $2\times2=4$ 

(a) What familiar places does the express train pass through?

GOVERNMENT OF THE OWN

(b) As described in Auden's poem, The Managers, what were the Roman emperors known for?

Paper No. ATTRIBUTE STA

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s many simple great and part to minute the W

the houses with a proper in the second sell and

all the search of the search of the search of

(c) In The Managers, who are the people at the 'top of the ladder' referred to?

is, you apply with the very their our

equiditions of the House establish

#### SECTION—II

#### (Prose)

- 2. Answer any two of the following questions:  $2 \times 2 = 4$ 
  - (a) Do you agree with the view that advertising induces people to use more things than they naturally desire? Give reasons.

(b) What role do the jobbers play in the stock exchange market?

(c) What do the advertising men most richly thrive in?

#### SECTION—III

## (Short Stories)

- 3. Answer any two of the following questions:
  - $2 \times 2 = 4$
  - (a) Why did Mr. Windibank want to prevent the marriage of his stepdaughter Ms. Sutherland?

(b) What was the banker's opinion on capital punishment?

(c) How did the lawyer spend his time in the fifth year of his confinement?

#### SECTION—IV

## (Commercial Essays)

**4.** Answer any two of the following questions:

2×2=4

(a) What is trade deficit?

(b) What does 'guarantee' mean in a contract?

(c) What are 'ordinary shareholders' entitled to in a company?