

2 0 2 2

(6th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper : SOC-601

(**Indian Society**)

(New Course)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 10)

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the
brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. In the context of Indian society, which of the following gives the correct meaning of 'unity'?

- (a) Similarity among the members of a group ()
- (b) Unity means absence of differences ()
- (c) Unity signifies integration ()
- (d) Similarity among the religious groups ()

2. Which one of the following is not a necessary feature of caste system?

- (a) Purity and pollution ()
- (b) Common ancestor worship ()
- (c) Hierarchical order ()
- (d) Hereditary specialization ()

3. Which of the following features characterizes rural social relation?

- (a) Secondary relation ()
- (b) Formal relation ()
- (c) Formal social control ()
- (d) Informal relation ()

4. Article ____ prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion, caste, race or place of birth.

- (a) 18 ()
- (b) 16 ()
- (c) 15 ()
- (d) 17 ()

5. Which of the following does not contribute to agrarian economy?

- (a) Cottage industry ()
- (b) Animal husbandry ()
- (c) Availability of better equipments ()
- (d) Private moneylending practice ()

6. Secularism means

- (a) the State is to give patronage to any one religion ()
- (b) respect all religions without favouring any one religion ()
- (c) lacking religious emotion, doctrines and practices ()
- (d) to impose any particular religion upon the rest of the people ()

7. Which of the following would you categorize as factor causing unemployment in India?

- (a) Rapid growth of population and decrease in labour force ()
- (b) Rapid growth of population and increase in labour force ()
- (c) Rapid industrial development ()
- (d) Rapid development of the economy ()

8. Which one of the following is not a cause of communalism?

- (a) The State has no official religion ()
- (b) When one religion is discriminated against other ()
- (c) Religion is taken as the basis of nation ()
- (d) Demands of one religious group are formed in opposition to another ()

9. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched?

- (a) Yogendra Singh—*Society in India* ()
- (b) M. N. Srinivas—*India's Changing Village* ()
- (c) G. S. Ghurye—*Social Change in India* ()
- (d) S. C. Dube—*Indian Society* ()

10. Modernization depends primarily on

- (a) the introduction of technology and knowledge required for it ()
- (b) increased levels of education ()
- (c) Development of transport and communication ()
- (d) All of the above ()

(5)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 5)

State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. The book, *Homo Hierarchicus* is written by Louis Dumont.

(T / F)

2. The distinctive way of life in urban area is called urbanism.

(T / F)

3. A mixed economy is an economic system where the private and State enterprises do not co-exist.

(T / F)

4. The rural society is heterogeneous.

(T / F)

5. Economic globalization means globalization of production and globalization of market.

(T / F)

SECTION—III
(Marks : 10)

Answer any *five* of the following questions :

2×5=10

1. What do you understand by the term 'unity'?

2. Write a short note on religious minorities of India.

3. Briefly explain two characteristic features of rural society.

4. What is multiculturalism?

5. What do you understand by the term 'Nation building'?

6. What is subsistence poverty?

7. Distinguish between under-employment and over-employment.

2022

(6th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper : SOC-601

(Indian Society)

(New Course)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

The questions are of equal value

- 1. "Indian society is characterized by unity in diversity." Explain with examples.**

Or

Explain the main features of caste system.

- 2. Bring out the differences between the rural society and the urban society.**

Or

Highlight the main constitutional measures that have been taken up for the upliftment of weaker section of Indian society.

3. Indian economy is characterized by mixed economy. Explain.

Or

Indian society is characterized by religious pluralism. Explain.

4. Discuss in detail the causes of poverty in India.

Or

Discuss in detail the causes of communalism in India.

5. Examine how tradition and modernity coexist in India.

Or

Write an essay on globalization.

2 0 2 2

(6th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

(Honours)

Paper : Soc-602

(Urban Sociology)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Discuss the nature and scope of urban sociology. 7+7=14

Or

- (b) Elaborate on various factors leading to the urbanization in India. 14

2. (a) Explain any city in America as the Western model of growth of cities. 14

Or

- (b) Explain the growth of cities of Delhi and Mumbai as the model cities of India. 7+7=14

3. (a) Discuss the salient features of urban society in India. 14

Or

- (b) Describe how the co-existence of rural-urban elements sustains the Indian society.

4. (a) What are municipal corporations? Discuss various functions of municipal corporations. 4+10=14

Or

- (b) Discuss the characteristics of municipalities in India. 14

5. (a) Discuss various pollution-related problems in India. Supplement measures to check the pollutions. 8+6=14

Or

- (b) Examine various welfare schemes taken up by the government for the urban societies. 14

★ ★ ★

2 0 2 2

(6th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

(Honours)

Paper : Soc-604

(Sociology of Tribal Society)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Attributing to the Indian context,
discuss the concept of the word 'tribe'. 14

Or

- (b) Elaborate on the distinctive features of
tribe.

2. (a) Highlight on the distribution and
concentration of tribal people in India. 14

Or

- (b) Critically examine the religious beliefs
and practices of tribal religion.

3. (a) "Shifting cultivation is not only an agricultural practice but it is a way of life for the tribal people." Discuss. 14

Or

- (b) How would you explain the meaning of terrace cultivation? Discuss how terrace cultivation is practised in North-East Region. 4+10=14

4. (a) Discuss in detail the problems of illiteracy among tribal people in India. 14

Or

- (b) What is land alienation? Explain the problems with regard to land alienation in tribal areas. 4+10=14

5. (a) Discuss the impact of modern education on tribal people. 14

Or

- (b) What is class? Highlight the emergence of inequality among tribes of India based on class system. 4+10=14

★ ★ ★