

2023

(5th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-501

(Comparative Government and Politics)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Discuss the meaning and significance of comparative politics. 9

Or

- (b) What do you understand by comparative politics? Examine the changing nature and scope of comparative politics. 3+6=9

2. (a) Critically explain the features of traditional approach to the study of comparative politics. 9

Or

- (b) Discuss the modern approaches to the study of comparative politics.

3. (a) Discuss the role of the Communist Party of China.

9

Or

- (b) Discuss the theory of separation of powers as incorporated in the American Constitution.

4. (a) Discuss the method of appointment, power and role of British Prime Minister.

3+3+3=9

Or

- (b) Compare the pressure group of the UK with that of the US pressure group.

9

5. (a) Explain the features of political system in the Third World Country.

9

Or

- (b) Examine the significance of non-western governments and politics in the study of modern comparative politics.

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(5th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-501

(Comparative Government and Politics)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10**

(a) According to whom, "Comparative politics is the study of the forms of political organization, their properties, correlation, variation and modes of change"?

- (i) M. G. Smith ()**
- (ii) M. Curtis ()**
- (iii) E. A. Freeman ()**
- (iv) All of them ()**

(b) Which approach to the study of comparative governments emerged as a response to historicism of the 19th Century?

- (i) Ethnic ()
- (ii) Traditional ()
- (iii) Modern ()
- (iv) All of the above ()

(c) Which country of the following is an example of Parliamentary Supremacy?

- (i) USA ()
- (ii) France ()
- (iii) Communist China ()
- (iv) Great Britain ()

(d) Which one of the following is not a feature of the American Constitution?

- (i) Judicial review ()
- (ii) Unicameral legislature ()
- (iii) Separation of power ()
- (iv) Checks and balances ()

(3)

(e) Which is the oldest written constitution in the world?

- (i) The Constitution of Switzerland ()
- (ii) The Constitution of India ()
- (iii) The Constitution of France ()
- (iv) The Constitution of USA ()

(f) "Let the hundred flowers blossom : let the hundred schools of thought contend." Who said these words?

- (i) Karl Marx ()
- (ii) Lenin ()
- (iii) Joseph Stalin ()
- (iv) Mao Tse-tung ()

(g) The highest organ of State power by the 1982 Constitution of Communist China is the

- (i) National People's Congress ()
- (ii) Politburo of Communist Party of China ()
- (iii) State Council of China ()
- (iv) Supreme People's Courts ()

(h) Which of the following countries is not a Third World Country?

(i) Cambodia ()

(ii) India ()

(iii) China ()

(iv) Zimbabwe ()

(i) Which parliament is known as the 'Mother of all Parliaments'?

(i) Chinese Parliament ()

(ii) Indian Parliament ()

(iii) American Parliament ()

(iv) British Parliament ()

(j) The first President of the Chinese Republic was

(i) Dr. Sun Yat-sen ()

(ii) Manchu ()

(iii) Tae Ping ()

(iv) Mao Zedong ()

(5)

2. Write short notes on the following : $5 \times 2 = 10$

(a) The Spoil System

Or

The House of Commons

(6)

(b) The Chinese Communist Party

Or

The President's Cabinet

(7)

3. State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

(a) China is a socialist country.

(T / F)

(b) The House of Lords is the highest court of appeal in Great Britain.

(T / F)

(c) The modern approach to comparative politics is value laden.

(T / F)

(d) Comparative politics is a major subfield of political science which makes comparison its essence.

(T / F)

(e) Third World Countries are marked by high rate of economic growth.

(T / F)

2023

(5th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Honours)

Paper No. : Pol-502

(Issues in World Politics)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

**The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions**

1. (a) What is the meaning and nature of terrorism? Trace the origin of terrorism. 7+7=14

Or

(b) How is terrorism different from other forms of violence? Enumerate the political and socio-economic impact of terrorism. 4+10=14

2. (a) Explain the meaning of Human Rights. Discuss the significance of Human Rights in the 21st century. 9+5=14

Or

- (b) What are the different dimensions of Human Rights? Write a short note on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) adopted by the United Nations in 1948. 7+7=14

3. (a) Discuss the relevance of environmental issues in global politics. What are the various policies and measures adopted by the international community for environmental protection? 5+9=14

Or

- (b) What do you understand by global warming? Discuss the root causes and impact of global warming. 4+10=14

4. (a) How is neo-colonialism different from classical colonialism? What are the different mechanisms through which neo-colonialism is perpetuated by powerful nations over weaker nations? 4+10=14

Or

- (b) Critically examine the nature and impact of neo-colonialism. 14

5. (a) What is multipolarity in international politics? Do you agree that we live in a multipolar world order today? Give reasons for your answer with suitable examples. 5+9=14

Or

- (b) What do you mean by Bipolar World Order? Examine bipolarity during the Cold War and its end in the post-Cold War era. 7+7=14

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2023

(5th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Honours)

Paper No. : POL-503

(Local Self-Government in India)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

***The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions***

- 1. (a) Explain the meaning and characteristics of Local Self-Government. 14**

Or

- (b) Discuss the evolution of Local Self-Government in India.**

- 2. (a) Explain the main features of the 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act. 14**

Or

- (b) Critically analyze the 74th Amendment Act of 1992.**

3. (a) What is Panchayati Raj system? Discuss the organizations and workings of village panchayats in India. 4+10=14

Or

- (b) What is Panchayat Samiti? Discuss its organization, powers and functions. 4+10=14

4. (a) What is Municipality? Discuss the organization and working of the Municipal Council. 4+10=14

Or

- (b) Critically examine the working of the institution of Urban Local Government. 14

5. (a) Describe the legislative control by the State over Local Self-Government Institution. 14

Or

- (b) Discuss the major challenges faced by the Local Self-Government in India. Suggest some measures to overcome it. 7+7=14
