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(5th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper No. : SOC-501

(Marriage, Family and Kinship)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 10)

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the
brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. An important advantage of exogamy is

- (a) it ensures that individuals will marry outside a
group ()
- (b) it helps to establish economic relations with
neighbouring groups ()
- (c) it reduces the likelihood of warfare ()
- (d) All of the above ()

(2)

2. When a female can have more than one husband, this situation is denoted by the term

- (a) polyandry ()
- (b) nuclear ()
- (c) polygyny ()
- (d) None of the above ()

3. Which of the following are involved in the formation of nuclear family?

- 1. Consanguineal relationship
- 2. Ritual relationship
- 3. Affinal relationship
- 4. Fictive relationship

Select the correct answer.

- (a) 2 and 4 ()
- (b) 1 and 2 ()
- (c) 3 and 4 ()
- (d) All of the above ()

(3)

4. Marriage is an important institution

- (a) because it aims of procreation and maintenance of children ()
- (b) because it is a permanent bond between husband and wife ()
- (c) because people having learnt to live in a family cannot live without it, as it is conducive to sex discipline and social harmony ()
- (d) All of the above ()

5. Which of the following statements is correct?

- (a) All simple societies are distinct and permanent. ()
- (b) Kinship is generally the basis of political institution in simple societies. ()
- (c) Kinship plays a significant role in the maintenance of the social order in simple societies. ()

6. Consanguineous kinship relationship is based on

- (a) blood ()
- (b) marriage ()
- (c) adoption ()
- (d) All of the above ()

7. Which of the following is not a factor for the changing trends in family?

- (a) Industrialization ()
- (b) Modern education ()
- (c) Religion ()
- (d) Legislative measure ()

8. In the Garo society, the heiress to the family property is called

- (a) Nokna ()
- (b) Nokoom ()
- (c) Nokma ()
- (d) Ling ()

9. The Garo word for lineage is

(a) Ling ()

(b) Chowari ()

(c) A Kim ()

(d) Machong ()

10. Who had written the book, *The History of Human Marriage*?

(a) Tylor ()

(b) Briffault ()

(c) Westermarck ()

(d) Murdock ()

(6)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 5)

Indicate whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. The term 'amitate' is one of the kinship usages used for father's sister who gets prime importance and respect.

(T / F)

2. A genitor refers to an actual biological father.

(T / F)

3. In the Garo society, only the youngest daughter is chosen as Nokna.

(T / F)

4. In genealogical method, an arrow '↓' sign indicates the 'ego' who will carry on the family line.

(T / F)

5. In a Naga kinship system if a woman dies unmarried, her 'self-acquired' property will be inherited by her brother's daughter.

(T / F)

(7)

SECTION—III

(Marks : 10)

Write short answers on any *five* of the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. Differentiate between Consanguineous kin and Affinal kin.

(8)

2. Draw the following relationship :

P is *Q*'s husband's mother's brother's daughter's husband.

(9)

3. Write two challenges of marriage.

(10)

4. Explain two characteristics of family.

(11)

5. Write a note on the interactionist perspective of family.

(12)

6. Discuss the patrilineal and matrilineal society with appropriate examples.

7. Distinguish between Endogamy and Exogamy.

2020

(5th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

(Honours)

Paper No. : SOC-502

(**Rural Sociology**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Define Rural Sociology. Explain the reasons responsible for the development of rural sociology in India. 4+10=14

Or

Discuss the nature and scope of rural sociology. 14

2. Explain in our Indian context, how community approach teaches us about rural life. 14

(2)

Or

"Regional approach deals with the varied village types and its environment." Discuss. 14

3. Elucidate the features of rural society in India. 14

Or

Discuss the occupational structure found in India. 14

4. Discuss the role of Panchayati Raj in the overall development of villages. 14

Or

Write a note on how village council system in Nagaland ushers socio-economic development in the villages. 14

5. How has the changing role of women helped in the development of India as a whole? 14

Or

Discuss the impact of science and technology on socio-economic life of the rural people. 14

★ ★ ★