

2023

(FYUGP)

(3rd Semester)

HISTORY

(Multidisciplinary Course)

Paper Code : MD-3

(Understanding Heritage)

Full Marks : 37½

Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 2 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) What is an antiquity? Give three examples of archaeological sites that help us in understanding heritage. 2+3=5

Or

- (b) Bring out the difference between tangible and intangible heritage with three examples each.

5

(2)

2. (a) Give a brief account on the Antiquities and Art Treasures Act, 1972 with some provisions.

5

Or

- (b) Discuss in detail on the heritage-related government departments, museums and regulatory bodies that were established by the Indian Government for the preservation and protection of Indian heritage.

3. (a) Highlight on the key challenges faced by tangible heritage.

5

Or

- (b) What is the relation between smuggling of antiquities and the concept of repatriation? How does repatriation address the challenges posed by the illegal trade of heritage items? $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}=5$

4. (a) In what ways do travel trends influence the preservation and appreciation of cultural heritage sites?

5

Or

- (b) Explain on how cultural heritage, landscape and travel trends are related.

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(Continued)

(3)

5. Write short notes on the following heritage sites in India : $2\frac{1}{2}\times 2=5$

(a) Taj Mahal

(b) Kachari Ruins

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MD-3 (UH)

2023

(FYUGP)

(3rd Semester)

HISTORY

(Multidisciplinary Course)

Paper Code : MD-3

(Understanding Heritage)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 12½)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

A. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : $\frac{1}{2} \times 15 = 7\frac{1}{2}$

1. When is World Heritage Day observed every year?

(a) April 18

(b) May 18

(c) June 18

2. What is the purpose of World Heritage Day?

- (a) To promote awareness about the importance of preserving cultural heritage ()
- (b) To celebrate the diversity of the world heritage ()
- (c) Both (a) and (b) ()

3. What are some of the threats that faced by heritage sites?

- (a) Climate change ()
- (b) Natural disaster ()
- (c) Both (a) and (b) ()

4. Which festival of India was declared as an Intangible Cultural Heritage of Humanity by UNESCO, 2021?

- (a) Durga Puja ()
- (b) Diwali ()
- (c) Holi ()

5. UNESCO stands for

- (a) United Nations Energy Science and Civilization Organization ()
- (b) United Nations Educational Scientific Civilization Organization ()
- (c) United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization ()

6. Which of the following represents the type of tangible heritage?

(a) Monuments ()

(b) Folklore ()

(c) Myth ()

7. Which Government Body in India is responsible for the Conservation and Protection of Historical Monuments and Sites?

(a) The Archaeological Survey of India (ASI) ()

(b) The National Heritage Commission ()

(c) The Indian Heritage Authority ()

8. The world heritage sites in India are recognized and designated by which international organization?

(a) UNESCO ()

(b) World Monuments Fund ()

(c) International Council on Monuments and Sites (ICOMOS) ()

9. Which legislation provides for the protection of ancient and historical and archaeological sites and remains of national importance?
- (a) The Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904 ()
 - (b) The Heritage Sites Protection Act, 1965 ()
 - (c) The Cultural Heritage Conservation Act, 1980 ()
10. The National Museum in New Delhi is under the administration control of which ministry?
- (a) Ministry of Culture ()
 - (b) Ministry of Tourism ()
 - (c) Ministry of Education ()
11. What is a common challenge for tangible heritage conservation caused by an urban development?
- (a) Increased funding for preservation ()
 - (b) Lack of public interest ()
 - (c) Encroachment and alteration of historic sites ()
12. What is a significant challenge associated with the smuggling of intangible heritage?
- (a) High export taxes ()
 - (b) Limited public interest ()
 - (c) Loss of cultural identity and heritage ()

13. What is the significance of documenting and safeguarding intangible heritage related to antiquity?

(a) It has no relevance in modern society ()

(b) It helps to boost the market value of heritage items ()

(c) It preserves cultural identity and knowledge for future generation ()

14. What is the term for the unauthorized excavation and removal of artifacts from archaeological sites?

(a) Preservation ()

(b) Smuggling ()

(c) Restoration ()

15. The integration of local cultural heritage into tourism experience can lead to

(a) a decline in local traditions ()

(b) increased preservation efforts ()

(c) overcommercialization and degradation of authenticity ()

B. Answer any five of the following : 1×5=5

1. Define heritage.

(7)

2. What is an art treasure?

(8)

3. Where was the first museum in India established?

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(9)

4. What is the Charities Act of 2022?

(10)

5. What is antiquity smuggling?

6. How does viewing heritage sites help us in valuing our heritage?

(12)

7. Name two UNESCO world heritage sites in India.

valuing our heritage

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2023

(FYUGP)

(3rd Semester)

HISTORY

(Major)

Paper Code : HIS/MJ-301

[History of India (1206-1526)]

Full Marks : 75

Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

**The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions**

1. (a) Discuss the sources of Persian Tarikh tradition for interpreting the Delhi Sultanate. 15

Or

- (b) How did the source of epigraphy help in interpreting the medieval history of the Delhi Sultanate? 15

(2)

2. (a) Examine the foundation of the Delhi Sultanate and its expansion and consolidation under the Khalji dynasty.

5+10=15

Or

- (b) Explain the Battle of Panipat and the factors leading to the decline or downfall of the Delhi Sultanate.

5+10=15

3. (a) Give an account on the emergence of provincial dynasty of Bahmani Kingdom.

15

Or

- (b) Describe the development of regional art and architecture of the medieval era.

15

4. (a) Discuss the major agricultural production and the technology used during the medieval period from 1206-1526 AD.

5+10=15

Or

- (b) Give an estimate of the monetization and market regulations of the Delhi Sultanate period.

7½+7½=15

5. (a) Discuss the factors leading to the rise or origin of the Bhakti Movement in India. Enumerate the teachings of the Bhakti Movement.

7½+7½=15

(Continued)

(3)

Or

- (b) Give an account of the role played by Guru Nanak in foundation of Sikhism. Discuss his main teachings.

5+10=15

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HISTORY

(Major)

Paper Code : HIS/MJ-302

(History of Europe 13th Century to 1790)

Full Marks : 75

Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

The questions are of equal value

- 1. (a)** Discuss the development in literature and art during the Renaissance period.

Or

- (b)** What do you mean by Reformation? Explain the causes of Reformation.

- 2. (a)** Give an account of the rise of mercantilism in Europe.

Or

(b) Define colonialism. Discuss the factors responsible for the emergence of colonialism.

3. (a) Examine the factors which contribute to the decline of feudalism in Europe.

Or

(b) Discuss the causes for the rise of Nation States.

4. (a) Write an account on the Glorious Revolution of 1688.

Or

(b) Analyze the reasons for the beginning of the Industrial Revolution in England.

5. (a) Give an account of the pre-revolutionary French society.

Or

(b) Describe the causes leading to the French Revolution.

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(3rd Semester)

HISTORY

(Minor)

Paper Code : HIS/MN-301

[History of India : (C 1206-1526)]

Full Marks : 75 Pass Marks : 40%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

Answer the following questions :

5×10=50

1. (a) Discuss the importance of Persian Tarikh traditions in interpreting the Delhi Sultanate.

Or

- (b) How was Vernacular literature used as a source for the medieval Indian history?

2. (a) Examine the expansion and consolidation under the Tughluqs.

Or

- (b) Discuss the Mongol treat and Timur's invasion in India during the medieval period.

3. (a) Write down the significance of Vijayanagar Empire in Indian history.

Or

- (b) Describe the emergence of regional art and architecture in medieval India.

4. (a) Discuss how the Iqta played an important role in defining the economy of the State in medieval India.

Or

- (b) What were the factors that led to the growth of urban centers during the medieval period?

5. (a) What were the factors that led to the emergence of Bhakti Movement in medieval India?

Or

- (b) Discuss the origin and teachings of Sufi Movement in medieval India.

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2023

(FYUGP)

(3rd Semester)

HISTORY

(Minor)

Paper Code : HIS/MN-301

[History of India : (C 1206-1526)]

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions***SECTION—I**

(Marks : 15)

A. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided: $1 \times 15 = 15$ 1. *Rajatarangini* was written by

(a) Kalhana ()

(b) Banabhatta ()

(c) Mahendravarman ()

2. Who wrote the *Tarikh-i-Firuz Shahi*?

(a) Minhaj-us-Siraj ()

(b) Amir Khusrau ()

(c) Ziauddin Barani ()

3. *Tabaqat-i-Nasiri* was written by

(a) Minhaj-us-Siraj ()

(b) Jalal-ud-din ()

(c) Ziauddin Barani ()

4. Which ruler adopted the policy of 'blood and iron' in the Delhi Sultanate?

(a) Qutb-ud-din Aibak ()

(b) Balban ()

(c) Alauddin Khilji ()

5. During whose reign did Timur invade India?

(a) Nasir-ud-din Muhammad Shah ()

(b) Alauddin Khilji ()

(c) Iltutmish ()

6. Who among the following organized a 'group of forty' known as Turkana-i-Chihalgani?
- (a) Alauddin Khilji
 - (b) Iltutmish
 - (c) Balban
7. Who founded the Bahmani kingdom?
- (a) Alauddin Hasan Bahman Shah
 - (b) Muhammad Shah
 - (c) Tajuddin Firuz Shah
 - (d) Ahmad Shah
8. The traveller 'Niccolo Conti', who visited Vijayanagar, was a native of which country?
- (a) Italy
 - (b) Spain
 - (c) Iran
 - (d) Morocco
9. During the reign of which ruler did Abdur Razzaq visit Vijayanagar?
- (a) Harihara I
 - (b) Bukka I
 - (c) Harihara II
 - (d) Devaraya II

10. Who among the following Sultans measured the land for fixing land revenue?

1. Alauddin Khilji
2. Ghiyasuddin Tughluq
3. Muhammad bin-Tughluq
4. Sikandar Lodi

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 1, 2 and 3 only

8. The traveller Nicolo Conti, who visited Vijayanagar, was a native of which country?

- (a) Italy
- (b) Spain
- (c) Iran
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

11. Who among the following rulers issued copper coin known as Jital?

- (a) Muhammad bin-Tughluq
- (b) Firuj Shah Tughluq
- (c) Iltutmish

12. Who among the following was the revenue officer during the Delhi Sultanate?

(a) Amir ()

(b) Amil ()

(c) Ariz ()

13. Who established the chishti sect in India?

(a) Moinuddin Chishti ()

(b) Khwaja Nizamuddin Auliya ()

(c) Saleem Chishti ()

(d) Bhaktiyar Kaki ()

14. Bhakti means

(a) to believe in God ()

(b) knowledge ()

(c) love and devotion to God ()

15. Sufi sect developed in the religion of

(a) Hinduism ()

(b) Jainism ()

(c) Islam ()

SECTION—B

(Marks : 10)

B. Write short notes on the following :

2×5=10

1. Epigraphy

Or

Numismatic

(7)

2. Qutb-ud-din Aibak

Or

First Battle of Panipat

3. Alauddin Hasan Bahman Shah

Or (Marks : 10)

Regional Literature

1. Biography

Or

Mathematic

4. Revenue System

Or

Inland Trade

5. Mirabai

Or

Adi Granth
