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**( 1st Semester )**

**SOCIOLOGY**

**Paper No. : SOC-101**

**( Introduction to Sociology )**

*Full Marks : 70*

*Pass Marks : 45%*

*Time : 3 hours*

**( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )**

**( Marks : 45 )**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. Discuss the origin and growth of sociology. 9

*Or*

Explain the nature of sociology as a social science. 9

2. How are political science and sociology related? Explain. 9

*Or*

What is the relationship shared by sociology and history? Discuss. 9

( 2 )

What is society? Discuss any four characteristics of society.  $2+7=9$

Or

Define culture. Explain any four features of culture.  $2+7=9$

Explain the significance of religion in society. 9

Or

What is kinship? Differentiate between affinal and consanguineal kinship.  $2+7=9$

Discuss the functional theory of social change. 9

Or

What is social change? Discuss any two types of social change.  $2+7=9$

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**( 1st Semester )**

**SOCIOLOGY**

Paper No. : SOC-101

**( Introduction to Sociology )**

**( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )**

**( Marks : 25 )**

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**SECTION—I**

**( Marks : 10 )**

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

**1. As a social science, Sociology is**

(a) a normative science ( )

(b) a specific science ( )

(c) a limited science ( )

(d) a positive science ( )

2. Which of the following is not a principal sociological method?

- (a) The comparative method ( )
- (b) The empirical method ( )
- (c) The experimental method ( )
- (d) The historical method ( )

3. The science which emerged in the middle of the 18th century to study simple, pre-literate societies is

- (a) Sociology ( )
- (b) Social Anthropology ( )
- (c) Economics ( )
- (d) Political Science ( )

4. The recurring pattern of social relationships in a society is its

- (a) structure ( )
- (b) system ( )
- (c) organization ( )
- (d) association ( )

5. The family in which authority is vested in the father is

- (a) patrilocal ( )
- (b) uxorilocal ( )
- (c) patriarchal ( )
- (d) matriarchal ( )

6. Kinship terms like 'father', 'mother', 'brother', 'sister', etc., have been classified as

- (a) descriptive kinship terms ( )
- (b) derivative kinship terms ( )
- (c) classificatory kinship terms ( )
- (d) elementary kinship terms ( )

7. The aggregate of cultural traits of a society is its

- (a) cultural complex ( )
- (b) cultural diversity ( )
- (c) cultural pattern ( )
- (d) cultural uniqueness ( )

8. The effects of social change are most intensely felt by

(a) community ( )

(b) association ( )

(c) family ( )

(d) religion ( )

9. Rapid and radical social change is brought about by

(a) development ( )

(b) revolution ( )

(c) evolution ( )

(d) progress ( )

10. India is characterized by

(a) religious uniformity ( )

(b) religious intolerance ( )

(c) religious singularism ( )

(d) religious pluralism ( )

( 5 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 5 )

Indicate whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. 'Logos' meaning 'study' or 'science' is a Latin word.

( T / F )

2. There is no practical separation between Sociology and Social Anthropology in many countries.

( T / F )

3. The behavioural aspect of social status is role.

( T / F )

4. There is only one community in an urban centre.

( T / F )

5. Belief in multiple Gods and Goddesses is polytheism.

( T / F )

( 6 )

**SECTION—III**

( Marks : 10 )

Answer any five of the following :

2×5=10

1. Briefly explain one significance of Sociology.

2. What is the scope of Sociology?

3. Mention one difference between Sociology and Economics.

4. What is social system?

( 10 )

5. Explain briefly the concept of social organization.

6. What is exogamy?

7. How does technology feature as a factor of social change?

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**( 1st Semester )**

**SOCIOLOGY**

**( Honours )**

**Paper No. : SOC-102**

**( Social Research Methods-I )**

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. What is social research? Discuss the scope of a good social research. 4+10

Or

Explain the significance of social research. 14

2. What do you mean by scientific research? Write the important steps to be followed in scientific research. 4+10

Or

Explain the various ethical issues in a social research. 14

3. What is hypothesis? Explain the various types of hypothesis. 4+10

Or

How would you formulate hypothesis in social research? Discuss. 14

4. What is research design? Discuss the steps for the formulation of a good research design. 4+10

Or

Explain the different types of sampling techniques in social research. 14

5. What are the different tools for data collection? Mention some of the differences between questionnaire and interview. 4+10

Or

Explain the primary and secondary sources of data. 14

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