

2019

(1st Semester)

HISTORY

Paper No. : HIS-101

(History of India up to the Mauryas)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

- 1.** Discuss how the accounts of foreign travellers help in the reconstruction of ancient Indian history. 9

Or

Give an account of the Palaeolithic cultures in India. 9

- 2.** Describe the economic and political organization of the Harappan Civilization. 9

Or

Discuss the factors responsible for the decline of the Harappan Civilization. 9

(Turn Over)

3. Examine the changes in the political organization of the Vedic Aryans. 9

Or

Discuss the society of the Vedic Aryans with special reference to Varna system. 9

4. Examine the factors responsible for the rise of new religious movements in India during the 6th century BC. 9

Or

Trace the early life of Gautama Buddha. What were his main teachings? 4+5=9

5. Discuss the rise of Magadha as a powerful State in India. 9

Or

Write a note on the administrative system of the Mauryas. 9

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(1st Semester)

HISTORY

Paper No. : HIS-101

(History of India up to the Mauryas)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—1

(Marks : 10)

Write short notes on the following :

2×5=10

1. Epigraphical sources

Or

Kautilya

2. Harappan Script
Or
Harappan drainage system

3. Four Vedas

Or

Six Vedangas

4. Two Sects of Jainism

Or

Tripitakas

1. The study of ethics is called

(a) Dharmaśāstra

(b) Arthśāstra

(c) Nyāyśāstra

2. The use of air-drying is associated with

(a) Palaeolithic culture

(b) Mesolithic culture

(c) Neolithic culture

3. The Great Bath was found at

(a) Mohenjo-daro

(b) Harappa

5. Kalinga War

Or

Two reasons for the decline of Mauryan Empire

SECTION—2

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The study of coins is called

(a) archaeology ()

(b) epigraphy ()

(c) numismatics ()

2. The use of microliths is associated with

(a) Palaeolithic culture ()

(b) Mesolithic culture ()

(c) Neolithic culture ()

3. The Great Bath was found at

(a) Mohenjo-daro ()

(b) Harappa ()

(c) Dholavira ()

4. Which city was first discovered by archaeologists?

(a) Harappa ()

(b) Kalibangan ()

(c) Mohenjo-daro ()

5. The language of the Vedic Aryans was
- (a) Pali ()
 - (b) Prakrit ()
 - (c) Sanskrit ()
6. The most popular God of the early Vedic Aryans was
- (a) Indra ()
 - (b) Agni ()
 - (c) Soma ()
7. The term 'Parinirvana' is associated with the
- (a) birth of Buddha ()
 - (b) teachings of Buddha ()
 - (c) death of Buddha ()
8. The birthplace of Mahavira was
- (a) Kundagrama ()
 - (b) Kapilavastu ()
 - (c) Kosala ()
9. Which Magadhan ruler adopted the title 'Ekachattrā' ?
- (a) Bimbisara ()
 - (b) Sisunaga ()
 - (c) Mahapadma Nanda ()

10. The chief city of the Mauryan Empire was

(a) Pataliputra ()

(b) Kashmir ()

(c) Kalinga ()

SECTION—3

(Marks : 5)

State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. Megasthenes was a Chinese ambassador.

(T / F)

2. The Great Granary was discovered at Harappa.

(T / F)

3. The Sabha was a council of elected members in the village.

(T / F)

4. Jainism did not believe in the existence of the soul.

(T / F)

5. The Third Buddhist Council was held under Ashoka.

(T / F)

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(1st Semester)

HISTORY

(Honours)

Paper No. : HIS-102

(History of North-East India)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

The questions are of equal value

1. Discuss the Anglo-Burmese War. What was its outcome?

Or

Give an account of the British annexation of Assam.

2. Describe the consolidation of British rule in Garo Hills.

Or

Briefly examine the British relation with Arunachal tribes.

3. Examine the changes that took place in the field of trade and communication under the British.

Or

Write an essay on the introduction of Western education in Assam and its impact.

4. Discuss the role played by the Assam Association during the nationalist movement in Assam.

Or

Give an account of the participation of North-East during the Civil Disobedience Movement.

5. Examine the factors leading to the integration of Manipur into the Indian Union.

Or

Analyze the process of reorganization of Northeastern States in 1972.

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