

**2 0 2 2**

( 6th Semester )

**ENGLISH**

( Honours )

Paper : Eng (H)-605

( **Literary Theory** )

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The questions are of equal value*

1. (a) What do you understand by modernism in literature? What are its major characteristics?

*Or*

- (b) List the multiple versions of modernism and briefly explain how they contributed to new styles, structures and themes in literature.

2. (a) Do you agree that post-modernism is riddled with contradictions and perpetuated through paradoxes? Give reasons for your answer.

Or

(b) Discuss the themes and techniques of post-modern literature.

3. (a) What do you understand by structuralism? What are its salient features?

Or

(b) Examine the methods used by structuralist critics to analyse a text. Illustrate.

4. (a) Post-structuralism is essentially a group of theories about language. Do you agree?

Or

(b) What are the salient features of post-structuralism?

5. (a) What is deconstruction? How has the term been interpreted and applied in contemporary times?

Or

(b) Derrida has demonstrated the unstable, fluid and inconsistent nature of language through the close study of texts. Elucidate.

\*\*\*

2022

( 6th Semester )

ENGLISH

( Honours )

Paper : Eng (H)-606 (a)

[ American Literature (Fiction and Drama) ]

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The questions are of equal value*

1. (a) Briefly trace the development of American novel.

Or

(b) Bring out the characteristics of American Drama.

2. (a) Illustrate the use of symbolism in Toni Morrison's *The Bluest Eye*.

Or

(b) Evaluate the themes of Toni Morrison's *The Bluest Eye*.

3. (a) Analyse *A Farewell to Arms* as a tragedy.  
Or  
(b) Comment on the symbols used by Hemingway in *A Farewell to Arms*.
4. (a) Yank symbolizes the struggle of modern man within industrial society. Discuss.  
Or  
(b) Justify the theme of alienation in *The Hairy Ape*.
5. (a) Discuss how Willy Loman represents the fundamental element of the American Dream.  
Or  
(b) Miller's *Death of a Salesman* illustrates the progress and failure of the American Dream. Elucidate.

\*\*\*

2022

( 6th Semester )

ELECTIVE ENGLISH

Paper : El Eng-601 (a)

( **American Literature** )

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 54 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

1. How does *I Hear America Singing* represent a transcendental viewpoint as opposed to the one based on literary realism? 10

Or

What are the three biggest symbols in the poem, *When Lilacs Last in the Dooryard Bloomed*? Illustrate.

2. Attempt a critical appreciation of Dickinson's poem, *I Heard a Fly Buzz—When I Died*. 10

Or

"The poem, *Because I Could Not Stop for Death* contains Emily Dickinson's meditation on Death and Immortality." Do you agree?

3. How does the choice decision play a significant role in your life? Illustrate with reference to the poem, *The Road Not Taken*. 10

Or

"Fact and fancy play together throughout the poem." Discuss with reference to *Birches*.

4. "Emerson's *Nature* emphasises the unity of all manifestations of Nature, Nature's symbolism, and the perpetual development of all Nature's forms toward the highest expression as embodied in man." Comment. 10

Or

Discuss, after Emerson, how man employs Nature ultimately to achieve insight into the workings of the universe.

5. Discuss Emily Dickinson's 'morbid preoccupation with death' with reference to the poems you have read. 14

Or

Attempt a comparative study of Walt Whitman and Robert Frost.

\*\*\*

**2022**

( 6th Semester )

**ELECTIVE ENGLISH**

Paper : El Eng-601 (a)

( **American Literature** )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 16 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

Answer the following questions :

2×8=16

1. Bring out the central idea of the poem, *I Hear America Singing*.

2. Explain the line, "the living remain'd and suffer'd", from the poem, *When Lilacs Last in the Dooryard Bloomed*.

3. "There interposed a Fly—  
With Blue—uncertain—stumbling Buzz—"  
Explain the idea expressed in the above lines.

4. What do the images 'the school', 'the grain' and 'the setting sun' represent in the poem, *Because I Could Not Stop for Death*?

( 6 )

5. How are the birches arched by the snow-storms depicted in the poem, *Birches*?

( 7 )

6. What is the major message of the poem, *The Road Not Taken*?



( 8 )

7. Comment on the phrase, 'a transparent eyeball'.

( 9 )

8. In *Nature*, what does Emerson mean when he talks about 'poetical sense' of looking at Nature?

\*\*\*

**2022**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

Paper : His-601

( **Modern World** )

*Full Marks : 70*

*Pass Marks : 45%*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks : 45* )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. Examine the factors that led to the outbreak of the First Opium War. What was the outcome?

*Or*

Discuss Meiji Restoration in Japan in the 19th Century.

2. Discuss the role of Giuseppe Mazzini and Giuseppe Garibaldi towards the unification of Italy.

*Or*

Discuss the development of liberalism in England.

3. Discuss the consequences of the First World War.

*Or*

Why and when was the League of Nations formed? Examine the failures of the League of Nations.

4. Examine the factors that led to Great Depression.

*Or*

Explain the rise of Fascism in Italy.

5. Discuss the causes of the Second World War.

*Or*

Discuss the emergence of the Cold War.

★★★

**2 0 2 2**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

Paper : His-601

( **Modern World** )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—I

( Marks : 10 )

**A.** Write short notes on the following : 2×5=10

1. Two factors that led to the Taiping Rebellion

*Or*

Berlin Conference

( 2 )

2. Bismarck

Or  
Lenin

( 3 )

3. Two causes of the World War I

Or  
Treaty of Versailles

( 4 )

4. Nazism

Or

Benito Mussolini

( 5 )

5. Origin of the UNO

Or

Concept of decolonization

( 6 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 10 )

B. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. In the partition of Africa, which country took the lion's share?

(a) Great Britain ( )

(b) Italy ( )

(c) France ( )

2. The hereditary military ruler of Japan was known as

(a) Sumitomo ( )

(b) Shogun ( )

(c) Satsuma ( )

3. Who was the emperor of Russia during the Bolshevik Revolution?

(a) Tzar Nicholas II ( )

(b) Tzar Alexander I ( )

(c) Tzar Nicholas I ( )

( 7 )

4. Which emperor was crowned as the emperor of Germany after unification?

(a) Napoleon III ( )

(b) Otto von Bismarck ( )

(c) William I ( )

5. The 'Big Three' refers to the countries

(a) Great Britain, USA and Soviet Union ( )

(b) USA, Great Britain and Japan ( )

(c) Japan, USA and France ( )

6. USA joined the First World War in

(a) 1916 ( )

(b) 1917 ( )

(c) 1918 ( )

7. The Great Economic Depression of 1929 originated in

(a) Great Britain ( )

(b) France ( )

(c) USA ( )

( 8 )

8. The author of *Mein Kampf* was
- (a) Adolf Hitler ( )
  - (b) Benito Mussolini ( )
  - (c) Otto von Bismarck ( )
9. The Japanese City of Hiroshima was bombed on
- (a) 4th August, 1945 ( )
  - (b) 5th August, 1945 ( )
  - (c) 6th August, 1945 ( )
10. Which US President coined the term 'United Nations'?
- (a) Woodrow Wilson ( )
  - (b) Franklin D. Roosevelt ( )
  - (c) Harry S. Truman ( )

( 9 )

SECTION—III

( Marks : 5 )

C. State whether the following statements are *True* or *False* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. The Boxer Rebellion in China was an uprising against foreigners.

( *True* / *False* )

2. The unification of Germany was completed in January 1871.

( *True* / *False* )

3. The Paris Peace Conference was convened in 1918.

( *True* / *False* )

4. The term 'Fascism' is derived from Greek word.

( *True* / *False* )

5. The 'Cold War' is a term used to indicate ideological differences between USA and Soviet Russia.

( *True* / *False* )

\*\*\*



**Ba/Soc-601 (N)**

**2 0 2 2**

( 6th Semester )

**SOCIOLOGY**

Paper : SOC-601

( **Indian Society** )

( New Course )

*Full Marks : 70*

*Pass Marks : 45%*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 45 )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. "Indian society is characterized by unity in diversity." Explain with examples.

*Or*

Explain the main features of caste system.

2. Bring out the differences between the rural society and the urban society.

Or

Highlight the main constitutional measures that have been taken up for the upliftment of weaker section of Indian society.

3. Indian economy is characterized by mixed economy. Explain.

Or

Indian society is characterized by religious pluralism. Explain.

4. Discuss in detail the causes of poverty in India.

Or

Discuss in detail the causes of communalism in India.

5. Examine how tradition and modernity coexist in India.

Or

Write an essay on globalization.

★★★

**2 0 2 2**

( 6th Semester )

**SOCIOLOGY**

Paper : SOC-601

( **Indian Society** )

( New Course )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—I

( Marks : 10 )

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. In the context of Indian society, which of the following gives the correct meaning of 'unity'?

- (a) Similarity among the members of a group ( )
- (b) Unity means absence of differences ( )
- (c) Unity signifies integration ( )
- (d) Similarity among the religious groups ( )

2. Which one of the following is not a necessary feature of caste system?

- (a) Purity and pollution ( )  
 (b) Common ancestor worship ( )  
 (c) Hierarchical order ( )  
 (d) Hereditary specialization ( )

3. Which of the following features characterizes rural social relation?

- (a) Secondary relation ( )  
 (b) Formal relation ( )  
 (c) Formal social control ( )  
 (d) Informal relation ( )

4. Article \_\_\_\_ prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion, caste, race or place of birth.

- (a) 18 ( )  
 (b) 16 ( )  
 (c) 15 ( )  
 (d) 17 ( )

5. Which of the following does not contribute to agrarian economy?

- (a) Cottage industry ( )  
 (b) Animal husbandry ( )  
 (c) Availability of better equipments ( )  
 (d) Private moneylending practice ( )

6. Secularism means

- (a) the State is to give patronage to any one religion ( )  
 (b) respect all religions without favouring any one religion ( )  
 (c) lacking religious emotion, doctrines and practices ( )  
 (d) to impose any particular religion upon the rest of the people ( )

7. Which of the following would you categorize as factor causing unemployment in India?

- (a) Rapid growth of population and decrease in labour force ( )  
 (b) Rapid growth of population and increase in labour force ( )  
 (c) Rapid industrial development ( )  
 (d) Rapid development of the economy ( )

( 4 )

8. Which one of the following is not a cause of communalism?

- (a) The State has no official religion ( )
- (b) When one religion is discriminated against other ( )
- (c) Religion is taken as the basis of nation ( )
- (d) Demands of one religious group are formed in opposition to another ( )

9. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched?

- (a) Yogendra Singh—*Society in India* ( )
- (b) M. N. Srinivas—*India's Changing Village* ( )
- (c) G. S. Ghurye—*Social Change in India* ( )
- (d) S. C. Dube—*Indian Society* ( )

10. Modernization depends primarily on

- (a) the introduction of technology and knowledge required for it ( )
- (b) increased levels of education ( )
- (c) Development of transport and communication ( )
- (d) All of the above ( )

Ba/Soc-601 (N)/351

( 5 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 5 )

State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. The book, *Homo Hierarchicus* is written by Louis Dumont.

( T / F )

2. The distinctive way of life in urban area is called urbanism.

( T / F )

3. A mixed economy is an economic system where the private and State enterprises do not co-exist.

( T / F )

4. The rural society is heterogeneous.

( T / F )

5. Economic globalization means globalization of production and globalization of market.

( T / F )

Ba/Soc-601 (N)/351

( 6 )

SECTION—III

( Marks : 10 )

Answer any *five* of the following questions :

2×5=10

1. What do you understand by the term 'unity'?

( 7 )

2. Write a short note on religious minorities of India.

( 8 )

3. Briefly explain two characteristic features of rural society.

( 9 )

4. What is multiculturalism?

5. What do you understand by the term 'Nation building'?

6. What is subsistence poverty?



7. Distinguish between under-employment and over-employment.

\*\*\*

**Ba/Bs/Bc/Bba/Bca/EVS-601**

**2022**

( 6th Semester )

**ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

Paper : EVS-601

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**SECTION—A**

Put a Tick  mark against the correct answer in the box provided : 1×15=15

1. Ecosystem has two components

(a) plants and animals

(b) weeds and trees

(c) biotic and abiotic

(d) frogs and snakes

( 2 )

2. The part of the earth that inhabits living organism is called

- (a) biome
- (b) biotrophy
- (c) biosphere
- (d) biodata

3. Extensive planting of trees to increase forest cover is called

- (a) afforestation
- (b) agroforestry
- (c) deforestation
- (d) social forestry

4. The capacity to do work is called

- (a) power
- (b) force
- (c) strength
- (d) energy

( 3 )

5. Plants lose water through leaves by a process called

- (a) condensation
- (b) precipitation
- (c) transpiration
- (d) evaporation

6. Which of the following is not in the IUCN classification of threatened species?

- (a) Harmful
- (b) Extinct
- (c) Vulnerable
- (d) Endangered

7. Which of these is a suitable example of *ex situ* conservation?

- (a) National park
- (b) Wildlife sanctuary
- (c) Sacred groves
- (d) Gene bank

( 4 )

8. Which of the following is a fossil fuel?

- (a) Oil
- (b) Coal
- (c) Natural gas
- (d) All of the above

9. The Earth Day is observed on

- (a) 21st April
- (b) 22nd April
- (c) 5th June
- (d) 8th March

10. Which out of the following is the cause of soil erosion?

- (a) Unrestricted grazing
- (b) Overcultivation
- (c) Deforestation
- (d) All of the above

( 5 )

11. Yellowing of Taj Mahal is an effect of

- (a) acid rain
- (b) global warming
- (c) ozone depletion
- (d) All of the above

12. A pond is an example of

- (a) lentic habitat
- (b) lotic habitat
- (c) both lentic and lotic habitat
- (d) None of the above

13. Maximum amount of air found in gas is

- (a) oxygen
- (b) carbon dioxide
- (c) hydrogen
- (d) nitrogen

( 6 )

14. The mosquito repellents (coils and liquids) that are generally used in our homes are

- (a) pesticides
- (b) fertilizers
- (c) sedatives
- (d) insecticides

15. Which of the following is a biodegradable waste?

- (a) Plastic
- (b) Polythene
- (c) Glass
- (d) None of the above

Ba/Bs/Bc/Bba/Bca/EVS-601/320

( 7 )

SECTION—B

Answer the following in short :

2×5=10

1. Write two major factors responsible for depletion of natural resources.

Ba/Bs/Bc/Bba/Bca/EVS-601/320

( 8 )

2. Define pollution.

3. Mention some ways to manage solid waste.

( 9 )

4. What is food chain? Give example.

5. Mention some of the important environmental laws of India.

( 10 )

SECTION—C

5×3=15

Answer the following :

1. How do modern agriculture methods affect our environment?

( 11 )

2. Define disaster management. Discuss the management and mitigation measures of earthquake.

( 12 )

3. Write a note on soil erosion.

( 13 )

SECTION—D

Answer the following :

10×3=30

1. Explain the types and functions of forest ecosystem.

5+5=10



2. What are hotspots of biodiversity? Which are the hotspots found in India? 3+7=10

3. Discuss the causes and effects of global warming.  
What measures are needed to control global  
warming?

3+3+4=10