

2022

(5th Semester)

ELECTIVE ENGLISH

Paper No. : EL ENG-501

(**Literary Criticism**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following questions briefly : $2 \times 6 = 12$

(a) Compare and contrast the views of Plato and Aristotle on the nature and function of poetry.

(b) What is the function of criticism according to Alexander Pope?

(c) What, according to Wordsworth, is the relationship between poetry and science?

(d) Comment on Arnold's view of creation and criticism.

(2)

- (e) What are the five sources of 'sublime' according to Longinus?
- (f) What is the 'Touchstone' method according to Arnold?

2. Answer the following questions : $10 \times 3 = 30$

- (a) (i) Discuss, in your own words, Aristotle's definition of tragedy as the imitation of an action, serious, complete and of a certain magnitude.

Or

- (ii) Attempt a brief exposition of Coleridge's concept of the power of imagination.

- (b) (i) Wordsworth's *Preface to the Lyrical Ballads* marks a crucial turning point in the way critics look at poetry. Summarize the salient features of Wordsworth's criticism.

Or

- (ii) For Wordsworth, "a poet differs from other men because he is endowed with more lively sensibility, more enthusiasm and tenderness." Elucidate.

L23/59

(Continued)

(3)

- (c) (i) Arnold believes that criticism must be 'disinterested and unconcerned with practice'. What does he mean? Give reasons for your answer.

Or

- (ii) Estimate Matthew Arnold as a critic with reference to the function of criticism at the present time.

3. Attempt a critical appreciation of the following poem commenting on the theme and style :

14

Remember, no men are strange, no countries
foreign
Beneath all uniforms, a single body breathes
Like ours: the land our brothers walk upon
Is earth like this, in which we all shall lie.
They, too, aware of sun and air and water,
Are fed by peaceful harvests, by war's long
winter starv'd.

Their hands are ours, and in their lines we read
A labour not different from our own.
Remember they have eyes like ours that wake
Or sleep, and strength that can be won
By love. In every land is common life
That all can recognize and understand.

L23/59

(Turn Over)

(4)

Let us remember, whenever we are told
 To hate our brothers, it is ourselves
 That we shall dispossess, betray, condemn.
 Remember, we who take arms against each other
 It is the human earth that we defile.
 Our hells of fire and dust outrage the innocence
 Of air that is everywhere our own,
 Remember, no men are foreign, and no
 countries strange.

4. Attempt a critical appreciation of the following passage commenting on its theme and style :

14

I never believed in Santa Claus. None of us kids did. Mom and Dad refused to let us. They couldn't afford expensive presents and they didn't want us to think we weren't as good as other kids who, on Christmas morning, found all sorts of fancy toys under the tree that were supposedly left by Santa Claus.

Dad had lost his job at the gypsum, and when Christmas came that year, we had no money at all. On Christmas Eve, Dad took each one of us kids out into the desert night one by one.

"Pick out your favourite star", Dad said.

(5)

"I like that one!" I said. Dad grinned, "that's Venus", he said. He explained to me that planets glowed because reflected light was constant and stars twinkled because they pulsed.

"I like it anyway"; I said.

"What the hell", Dad said.

"It's Christmas. You can have a planet if you want." And he gave me Venus.

Venus didn't have any moons or satellites or even a magnetic field, but it did have an atmosphere sort of similar to Earth's, except it was super hot—about 500 degrees or more. "So", Dad said, "When the sun starts to burn out and Earth turns cold, everyone might want to move to Venus to get warm. And they'll have to get permission from your descendants first."

We laughed about all the kids who believed in the Santa myth and got nothing for Christmas but a bunch of cheap plastic toys. "Years from now, when all the junk they got is broken and long forgotten", Dad said, "you'll still have your stars."

Ba/Eng (H)-502

2022

(5th Semester)

ENGLISH

(Honours)

Paper No. : ENG (H)-502

(**Fiction and Language Skills**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Comment on the importance of narrative technique as a significant aspect of the novel. 10
2. Discuss *Hard Times* as a social novel. 10

Or

Critically analyze how Dickens' *Hard Times* provides a critique of Utilitarianism.

3. Hardy describes *Jude the Obscure* as a 'tragedy of unfulfilled aims'. Discuss. 10

Or

Discuss the character of Sue Bridehead as a representation of the 'modern woman'.

4. Discuss Clarissa Dalloway's relationships with Sally Seton and Peter Walsh. 10

Or

Analyze *Mrs. Dalloway* as a modernist novel.

5. Answer briefly the following questions : 4×4=16

(a) Differentiate between a novel and a short story.

(b) What does the character of Sissy Jupe represent in *Hard Times*?

(c) Analyze the character of Arabella Donn.

(d) Discuss the concern with time in *Mrs. Dalloway*.

6. Write a book review of any novel that you have read recently. 14

2022

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

(Honours)

Paper No. : HIS-502

(History of Christianity in Nagaland)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

The questions are of equal value

1. Describe the social and religious practices of the Nagas before the Advent of Christianity.

Or

Examine the factors that encouraged the American Baptist Mission to open its Mission in Shan area. How far were they successful?

2. Give an account of the Evangelistic works of the American Baptist Missionaries among the Lotha tribe.

Or

Discuss the introduction and spread of Christianity among the Sumi tribe.

3. Trace the history and growth of the Catholic Mission among the Angami Nagas.

Or

Discuss the evangelical activities and achievements of the Catholic Mission in Tuensang area.

4. Assess the contribution of the Early Naga Missionaries in the spread of Christianity among the Sangtam tribe.

Or

Give an account of the contributions and achievements of the Early Naga Missionaries among the people.

5. Enumerate the contributions of the Christian Missionaries in the Medical and Humanitarian services in the Naga Hills.

Or

Analyze briefly the development of modern education and literature in post-Christianity era in Nagaland.

2022

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

(Honours)

Paper No. : HIS-503

(Social and Economic History of Modern India)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

The questions are of equal value

1. Examine the nature of pre-Colonial Indian society.

Or

Discuss the contributions of the 19th Century social reform movements to the making of modern Indian society.

2. Discuss the land tenure reforms introduced by the British in India and its impact on agriculture.

Or

Examine the process of de-industrialization in India.

(2)

3. Discuss the development of transport and communication during the British rule in India.

Or

Give an account of India's foreign trade under the British.

4. Discuss the impact of World War II on Indian economy.

Or

Write a note on Drain Theory.

5. Examine the economic views of Mahatma Gandhi.

Or

Analyze the socio-economic impact of the Partition of India.

Ba/Pol-502

2 0 2 2

(5th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Honours)

Paper No. : POL-502

(Issues in World Politics)

Full Marks : 70
Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Discuss the different types of terrorism. 14

Or

- (b) What is terrorism? Discuss the causes of terrorism. 4+10=14

2. (a) Discuss the origin of Human Rights. 14

Or

- (b) Describe the different dimensions of Human Rights.

3. (a) What do you understand by the term global warming? Discuss some of the International Conventions that dealt with mitigation of global warming. 4+10=14

Or

- (b) What is meant by climate change? Discuss some of the issues associated with climate change. 4+10=14

4. (a) Discuss the nature of Neo-Colonialism. 14

Or

- (b) Examine how the various methods of Neo-Colonialism has been impacting international politics.

5. (a) What do you understand by the term multipolarity? Give an account of the transformation of bipolarity into multipolarity. 4+10=14

Or

- (b) Write short notes on the following : 7+7=14

(i) Unipolarity

(ii) Bipolar world

2022

(5th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Honours)

Paper No. : POL-503

(Local Self Government in India)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Define local self-government. Explain the nature and characteristics of local self-government in India. 4+10=14

Or

- (b) Discuss the development of local self-government in India since Independence. 14

2. (a) Discuss the significance of the 73rd Amendment Act. How far this Amendment empowered and enhanced the status of women in India? 7+7=14

(Turn Over)

(2)

Or

(b) Explain the constitutional provisions of the 74th Amendment Act. 10

3. (a) Discuss the organization, powers and functions of Panchayat Samiti. 14

Or

(b) What do you mean by Panchayati Raj? Explain the significance and the problems of Panchayati Raj system in India. 4+5+5=14

4. Examine the composition and functioning of various institutions of urban local self-government. 14

Or

Enumerate the salient features of urban administration and examine its problems. 7+7=14

5. Discuss the financial challenges faced by the local self-government in India. 14

Or

Discuss the methods of administrative control over local governments in India.

L23—1900/80

Ba/Pol-503

Ba/Soc-502

2022

(5th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

(Honours)

Paper No. : SOC-502

(Rural Sociology)

Full Marks : 70
Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Define rural sociology. Trace the development of rural sociology as a distinct discipline. 4+10=14

Or

Discuss the scope of rural sociology. 14

2. Critically examine the community approach to the study of rural sociology. 14

Or

Analyze the practicability of the regional approach to the study of rural life.

L23/83

(Turn Over)

3. Describe the features of rural society. 14

Or

Write an essay on the occupational structure found in the rural society.

4. Write an essay on the working of Panchayati Raj System in rural India. 14

Or

In your opinion, what are the serious defects in the working of the Village Council System in Nagaland? What remedies do you suggest to improve them? 7+7=14

5. Bring out the role of women in the rural changing society. 14

Or

What are the changes brought in rural India with the impact of science and technology?

2 0 2 2

(5th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

(Honours)

Paper No. : SOC-503 (Op)

(**Industrial Sociology**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. What do you understand by industrial sociology? Elaborate on the subject matter. 6+8=14

Or

Examine the contingency theory of management. 14

2. Bring out the difference between formal and informal functions of industrial organization. 7+7=14

Or

Critically examine the production process. 14

(Turn Over)

(2)

3. Write an essay on the industrial leadership. 14

Or

Write your views on the conditions of effective leadership.

4. Describe the Human Relations and its structure. 14

Or

Elaborate on the importance of trade union in India.

5. What are the types of industrial conflict? Give measures and suggestions for resolving industrial conflict. 4+10=14

Or

Critically examine the new industrial policy of India. 14

Ba/Pol-501

2022

(5th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : Pol-501

(Comparative Government and Politics)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What is comparative politics? Discuss the significance of the study of comparative politics. 3+6=9

Or

- (b) Discuss the changing nature and scope of comparative politics. 9

2. (a) Critically explain the systems approach to the study of comparative politics. 9

Or

- (b) Critically examine the concept of behaviouralism.
3. (a) "The Crown is an institution which never dies." Discuss the maxim and enumerate the powers, duties and position of the Crown.

Or

- (b) The House of Commons is more powerful than the House of Lords. Explain.
4. (a) Discuss the theory of separation of powers as incorporated in the American Constitution.

Or

- (b) What is judicial review? Explain its working in the USA.
5. (a) Discuss the functioning of political systems in the Third World countries.

Or

- (b) What is a Third World country? How can developing countries improve their standard of living?

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2022

(5th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : Pol-501

(**Comparative Government and Politics**)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 10)

1. Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

(a) Which political scientist defined politics as an 'authoritative allocation of values'?

(i) David Easton ()

(ii) Plato ()

(iii) Jean Blondel ()

(iv) Duverger ()

(b) Comparative politics is mostly methodological which focuses on

(i) 'how part' of an analysis ()

(ii) 'what part' of an analysis ()

(iii) both (i) and (ii) ()

(iv) Neither (i) nor (ii) ()

(c) The structural-functional approach and the input-output approach have been derived from

(i) the political stimulation approach ()

(ii) the quantitative approach ()

(iii) the general systems theory approach ()

(iv) the behavioural approach ()

(d) Which two political thinkers represent the institutional approach of comparative politics?

(i) Almond and Coleman ()

(ii) Easton and Dahl ()

(iii) Duverger and Sartori ()

(iv) Coleman and Duverger ()

(e) Who is the real executive in England?

(i) King ()

(ii) Minister ()

(iii) Privy Council ()

(iv) Lord Chancellor ()

(f) De jure sovereignty in England resides in

(i) the House of Lords ()

(ii) the Queen-in-Parliament ()

(iii) the House of Commons ()

(iv) the House of Representatives ()

(g) What is the minimum age requirement to serve as a Senator in US?

(i) 25 years ()

(ii) 30 years ()

(iii) 35 years ()

(iv) 40 years ()

(h) The spoils system in the USA began during the period of

(i) Jefferson ()

(ii) Washington ()

(iii) Jackson ()

(iv) Lincoln ()

(i) The People's Republic of China came into being in

(i) 1946 ()

(ii) 1949 ()

(iii) 1951 ()

(iv) 1978 ()

(j) In China, judges are appointed by

(i) civil service ()

(ii) the President ()

(iii) election ()

(iv) the Prime Minister ()

SECTION—II

(Marks : 10)

2. Write short notes on the following :

5+5

(a) Filibustering

(b) The Chinese Cultural Revolution

SECTION—III

(Marks : 5)

3. State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

(a) Comparative politics involves the systematic study and comparison of the world's political systems.

(T / F)

(b) Modern approaches are marked by empirical investigation of relevant data.

(T / F)

(c) The most clear exposition of 'rule of law' is provided by Ivor Jennings.

(T / F)

(d) The first President of the Chinese Republic was Mao Zedong.

(T / F)

(e) The Third World countries are characterised by traditional society.

(T / F)

Ba/Soc-501

2022

(5th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper : SOC-501

(**Marriage, Family and Kinship**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. What is marriage? Elucidate the transactions of marriages. 2+7=9

Or

Write an essay on challenges to marriage as an institution. 9

2. Write a note on the developmental cycle of family. 9

Or

Illustrate the changing nature of family from past to modern society.

3. Discuss the conflict perspective on family.

Or

Examine the functionalist perspective on family.

4. Illustrate the genealogical method with suitable diagram.

Or

Discuss the classification of kinship terminologies with suitable examples.

5. What is descent? Discuss the patrilineal system with reference to North-East India.

Or

What is matriarchy? Discuss the matrilineal system of the Khasis of Meghalaya.

2022

(5th Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

Paper : SOC-501

(**Marriage, Family and Kinship**)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 10)

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. "Marriage is the approved social pattern whereby two or more persons establish a family." Who said this?

- (a) Horton and Hunt ()
- (b) Malinowski ()
- (c) Edward Westermarck ()

2. The marriage of two individuals who are the children of sibling of the same sex is

- (a) cross-cousin marriage ()
- (b) parallel cousin marriage ()
- (c) levirate marriage ()
- (d) sororate ()

3. "Kinship system is a part of social structure and insists upon the study of Kinship as a field of rights and obligation." Who said this?

- (a) Radcliffe-Brown ()
- (b) Robin Fox ()
- (c) Malinowski ()

4. Succession of lineage and property in the female line is

- (a) matriarchy ()
- (b) matriliney ()
- (c) matrilocal ()

5. The genealogical method was first developed by

- (a) George Murdock ()
- (b) Lewis Morgan ()
- (c) Kingsley Davis ()
- (d) W. H. R. Rivers ()

6. "The emotionally disturbed child as the family scapegoat." Who wrote this?

- (a) Vogel and Bell ()
- (b) Parsons ()
- (c) Edmund Leach ()

7. Who among the following inherits property among Khasis of Meghalaya?

- (a) Eldest son ()
- (b) Youngest son ()
- (c) Youngest daughter ()

8. The prohibition of Sagotra Marriage among the Hindus is an example of which marriage?

- (a) Taboo ()
- (b) Clan exogamy ()
- (c) The incest taboo ()

9. Who among the following has emphasized the positive function of the conflict in society?

- (a) Lewis Coser ()
- (b) Karl Marx ()
- (c) Emile Durkheim ()

10. Avuncular relationship means the relationship between

- (a) siblings ()
- (b) parents and the offspring ()
- (c) uncle or aunt and nephew or niece ()

SECTION—II
(Marks : 5)

State whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. Pratiloma is that form of marriage in which a boy from upper caste can marry a girl from lower caste.

(T / F)

2. Joint family in India constitutes a mere collection of nuclear families.

(T / F)

3. The nuclear and the joint family can be looked at as a continuum in term of a development cycle.

(T / F)

4. The term Khasi means born of the mother.

(T / F)

5. Talcott Parsons argues that the isolated nuclear family is the typical family form in modern industrial society.

(T / F)

(6)

SECTION—III
(Marks : 10)

Answer any *five* of the following questions :

1. Differentiate between hypergamy and hypogamy.

2×5=10

(7)

2. What is a prohibitive rule?

(8)

3. Write the merits and demerits of nuclear family.

(9)

4. Write in short the dysfunctional view on family.

(10)

5. What is affinal kinship?

(11)

6. Write a short note on patrilineal system.

7. Explain any two functions of the family.

Ba/Eco-501 (N)

2 0 2 2

(5th Semester)

ECONOMICS

Paper No. : ECO-501

(Indian Economy—I)

(New Course)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

UNIT—I

1. Explain the basic features of Indian Economy.

9

Or

Explain in detail the natural resources of India.

(2)

UNIT—II

2. What do you mean by inequalities in income? Discuss government policy and measures to eliminate inequalities in income distribution in India. 2+7

Or

Define inflation. Explain the causes of inflationary rise in prices in recent years in India. 2+7

UNIT—III

3. Explain the factors responsible for slow growth of national income in India. Bring out suggestions to raise the level of growth rate of national income in India. 6+3

Or

What is national income by industrial origin? Discuss the sectoral contribution of national income by industrial origin in recent years. 2+7

UNIT—IV

4. Analyze the achievements of planning in India during the first fifty years of planning.

Or

Briefly explain the impact of economic liberalization in Indian Agriculture.

L23/63a

(Continued L23—1600/63a

(3)

UNIT—V

5. What are the achievements and problems faced by Nationalized Banks in India? 9

Or

State the major functions of the RBI. Discuss the regulatory and promotional roles of the RBI in the economic development of the country. 2+7=9

Ba/Eco-501 (N)

2 0 2 2

(5th Semester)

ECONOMICS

Paper No. : ECO-501

(**Indian Economy—I**)

(New Course)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—I

(Marks : 15)

A. Choose the correct answer and put a Tick (✓) mark against the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. What is the definition of sex ratio?

(a) Number of death per 1000 live births of children ()

(b) Number of women per 1000 men ()

(c) Number of women per 10000 men ()

(d) Number of male per 1000 women ()

2. In which sector do the migrants mostly work?

- (a) Agriculture ()
- (b) Industry ()
- (c) Services ()
- (d) Others ()

3. Which of the following is a characteristic of people below the poverty line?

- (a) Debt trap ()
- (b) Gender inequality ()
- (c) Poor health ()
- (d) All of the above ()

4. A government resort to _____ to reduce inflation.

- (a) cuts in government spending ()
- (b) increase in government expenditure ()
- (c) reduction in repo rate ()
- (d) None of the above ()

5. What is the use of Gini coefficient?

- (a) To measure loss and profit ()
- (b) To measure inequalities of income ()
- (c) For measuring equality of income ()
- (d) For measuring inequality of income ()

6. Occupational structure refers to

- (a) number of workers living in a country ()
- (b) size of population in the industrial sector ()
- (c) distribution of working population among different occupations ()
- (d) None of the above ()

7. On which date, the NITI Aayog was established?

- (a) 1st January, 2015 ()
- (b) 25th January, 2016 ()
- (c) 14th May, 2014 ()
- (d) 1st July, 2015 ()

8. What were the reasons for introducing the economic reforms in 1991?

- (a) The Gulf War ()
- (b) The negative balance of payments ()
- (c) Increase in fiscal deficit ()
- (d) All of the above ()

9. When was SBI nationalized?

- (a) 1955 ()
- (b) 1956 ()
- (c) 1960 ()
- (d) 1964 ()

10. The primary purpose of the RBI monetary policy is to maintain

- (a) wealth ()
- (b) exchange rate ()
- (c) growth ()
- (d) price stability ()

B. Indicate whether the following statements are True (T) or False (F) by putting a Tick (✓) mark :

1×5=5

1. Low per capita income is one basic feature of Indian Economy.

(T / F)

2. Unemployment is a situation when a person actively searches for a job and is unable to find work.

(T / F)

3. National Income means final goods and services produced by an individual during a given year.

(T / F)

4. The twelfth Five-Year Plan is considered the last Five-Year Plan of India.

(T / F)

5. The Ministry of Finance fixes the repo rate in India.

(T / F)

(6)

SECTION—II
(Marks : 10)

C. Write short notes on any *five* of the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. Growth rate of population in India

(7)

2. Causes of migration

3. Poverty

4. Occupational structure

5. Objectives of planning

6. Need for new economic reforms

7. Nationalization of banks

Ba/Bc/Bs/EVS-501

2022

(5th Semester)

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Paper No. : EVS-501

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

Put a Tick mark against the correct answer in the box provided : 1×15=15

1. The impact of construction of dams is

(a) submerged forests

(b) loss of wildlife habitat

(c) damaged ecosystem

(d) All of the above

2. A herbivore is also known as a

- (a) producer
- (b) primary consumer
- (c) secondary consumer
- (d) decomposer

3. Importance and awareness of environmental issues need to be created among

- (a) public
- (b) womenfolk
- (c) students
- (d) All of the above

4. Which layer of the atmosphere contains the ozone responsible for the absorption of UV light?

- (a) Stratosphere
- (b) Troposphere
- (c) Mesosphere
- (d) None of the above

5. The estimated percentage of the forest land that ideally India should have is

- (a) 50%
- (b) 15%
- (c) 33%
- (d) 44%

6. The functional aspects of the ecosystem are

- (a) energy cycles
- (b) nutrient cycles
- (c) food chains
- (d) All of the above

7. Which human activity can decrease the oxygen levels present in the atmosphere?

- (a) Deforestation
- (b) Animal hunting
- (c) Mining
- (d) Both (a) and (c)

8. Which of the following is/are the benefit(s) of forest?

- (a) Reduces the surface run-off rainwater
- (b) Prevents soil erosion
- (c) Regulate the local temperature
- (d) All of the above

9. Which of the following factors leads to eutrophication?

- (a) Excessive use of fertilizers
- (b) Increase of plant nutrients
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of the above

10. Which day is celebrated as 'World Environment Day'?

- (a) June 10th
- (b) June 5th
- (c) July 5th
- (d) October 20th

11. UNCED stands for

- (a) United Nations Corporation on Environment and Development
- (b) United Nations Conference on Environment and Development
- (c) United Nations Corporation on Environment and Disasters
- (d) United Nations Conference on Environment and Disasters

12. The 3Rs principle is in which of the following orders?

- (a) Reduce, Reuse, Recycle
- (b) Reuse, Reduce, Recycle
- (c) Recycle, Reuse, Reduce
- (d) None of the above

13. The yellowness of the Taj Mahal is an effect of

- (a) acid rain
- (b) allergens
- (c) ozone depletion
- (d) All of the above

14. Which of the following is a renewable source of energy?

- (a) Coal
- (b) Uranium
- (c) Wind
- (d) None of the above

15. Which of the following is the first trophic level in the food chain?

- (a) Herbivores
- (b) Carnivores
- (c) Green plants
- (d) All of the above

SECTION—B

A. Write on/Answer the following in not more than
100 words each : $2 \times 5 = 10$

1. Causes of deforestation

2. Preventive measures of AIDS

3. Factors of population growth

4. Decomposers in an ecosystem

5. Define biodiversity.

B. Write on any *three* of the following :

5×3=15

1. Values of biodiversity

2. Noise pollution

3. Family welfare programme

4. Floods

5. Structure and function of an ecosystem

C. Answer any *three* of the following questions : $10 \times 3 = 30$

1. What do you mean by natural resources?
Explain the role of an individual in conservation
of natural resources. $5 + 5 = 10$

2. What do you understand by Environmental Studies? Mention the scope and importance of environmental studies. 2+4+4=10

3. Discuss the biogeographical classification of India. 10

4. What are the different causes of water pollution?
Explain some measures to control water
pollution. 5+5=10

5. What is population explosion? What are the causes and consequences of population explosion? $2+4+4=10$