

**2019**

**( 4th Semester )**

**HISTORY**

**Paper : His-401**

**( Indian Nationalism )**

*Full Marks : 70*

*Pass Marks : 45%*

*Time : 3 hours*

**( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )**

*( Marks : 45 )*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

**1. Describe the causes and the nature of the  
Indigo Revolt.**

9

*Or*

**Discuss the main causes of the Revolt of  
1857.**

**2. Discuss the aims, methods and  
achievements of the moderate nationalists.**

9



Or

Account for the rise of extremists in the Indian National Movement.

3. Narrate the circumstances that led to the passing of the Indian Councils Act, 1909. What were its reforms? 3+6=9

Or

Describe the salient features of the Government of India Act, 1935. 9

4. Examine how Mahatma Gandhi was able to transform the INC into a mass movement. 9

Or

Give an account of the Quit India Movement.

5. Discuss the factors responsible for the rise and growth of communal politics in India. 9

Or

Describe the process of integration of the Princely States with the Union of India.

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**Subject Code : Ba/His-401**

**Booklet No. A 3161**

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Date Stamp .....

**To be filled in by the Candidate**

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA  
4th Semester End Term  
Examination, 2019

Subject .....

Paper .....

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**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.
2. This paper should be ANSWERED FIRST and submitted within 1 (one) Hour of the commencement of the Examination.
3. While answering the questions of this booklet, any cutting, erasing, overwriting or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done only on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.

**To be filled in by the Candidate**

BA / BSc / BCom / BBA / BCA  
4th Semester End Term  
Examination, 2019

Roll No. ....

Regn. No. ....

Subject .....

Paper .....

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

Booklet No. B .....

Signature of  
Scrutiniser(s)

Signature of  
Examiner(s)

Signature of  
Invigilator(s)



**2019**

( 4th Semester )

**HISTORY**

Paper : His-401

( **Indian Nationalism** )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—I

( Marks : 10 )

**A.** Write short notes on the following :

2×5=10

1. Moplah Uprising

*Or*

Rani Laxmi Bai of Jhansi



2. Origin of INC

Or

Partition of Bengal



3. Two provisions of the Government of India Act, 1919

*Or*

The Revolt Act, 1919



4. C. R. Das

Or

Subhash Chandra Bose

1. The play 'Na Durgam' was written by

(a) Mahesh Chandra Mukherjee ( )

(b) Dinbandhu Mitra ( )

(c) Dadabhai Naoroji ( )

2. The first martyr of the Revolt of 1857 was

(a) Mangal Pandey ( )



5. The Cabinet Mission Plan

*Or*

Indian Independence Act, 1947



SECTION—II

( Marks : 10 )

**B.** Choose the correct answer by putting a Tick (✓) mark in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. The play *Nil Darpan* was written by

(a) Harish Chandra Mukhopadhyaya ( )

(b) Dinbandhu Mitra ( )

(c) Dadabhai Naoroji ( )

2. The first martyr of the Revolt of 1857 was

(a) Mangal Pandey ( )

(b) Rani Laxmi Bai ( )

(c) Kunwar Singh ( )



3. "Political freedom is the life breath of a nation."  
Who said this?

(a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak ( )

(b) Surendranath Banerjee ( )

(c) Aurobindo Ghosh ( )

4. Who among the following was called "the Grand Old Man of India" ?

(a) Aurobindo Ghosh ( )

(b) Dadabhai Naoroji ( )

(c) Pheroz Shah Mehta ( )

5. The Government of India Act, 1919 is also known as

(a) Rowlatt Act ( )

(b) Minto-Morley Reforms ( )

(c) Montague-Chelmsford Reforms ( )



6. The system of dyarchy at the Centre was established by the

- (a) Indian Councils Act, 1909 ( )
- (b) Government of India Act, 1919 ( )
- (c) Government of India Act, 1935 ( )

7. The Jallianwala Bagh Massacre, 1919 occurred at

- (a) Ambala ( )
- (b) Amritsar ( )
- (c) Amber ( )

8. Who organized the Indian National Army (INA)?

- (a) Rashbehari Bose ( )
- (b) Subhash Chandra Bose ( )
- (c) Captain Mohan Singh ( )



9. The Indians boycotted the Simon Commission because

(a) it refused to accept the Congress demand for transfer of power ( )

(b) there was not a single Indian representative in it ( )

(c) it came to make a thorough investigation of the Indian political situations ( )

10. Who among the following propounded the 'Two Nation Theory'?

(a) Sayyid Ahmed Khan ( )

(b) Md. Ali Jinnah ( )

(c) Muhammad Iqbal ( )



SECTION—III

( Marks : 5 )

C. State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. The Santhals rose in rebellion in 1852.

( T / F )

2. The founder of INC was W. C. Banerjee.

( T / F )

3. The Act of 1935 was a great advancement as compared to the Act of 1919.

( T / F )

4. The historic 'Dandi March' was led by M. K. Gandhi.

( T / F )

5. The last Viceroy of British India was Lord Mountbatten.

( T / F )

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